

ERNEST BOREL
watches
★ MORE ACCURATE
★ MORE STEADY
★ MORE REGULAR

CHINA MAIL

No. 34677.

HONG KONG, MONDAY, AUGUST 28, 1950.

Price: 20 Cents.

All kinds of
**Portable
TYPEWRITERS
&
CALCULATORS**
AT REASONABLE PRICE
Hong Kong Typewriter Exchange
6, D'Aguiar St. Tel. 21433.

POHANG THREATENED BY NEW RED ATTACKS

North Koreans closing in from two directions KIGYE IN RED HANDS

Tokyo, August 27.

The North Koreans closed in on the port of Pohang from two directions today, and a spokesman for General Douglas MacArthur warned that the Communists were getting more men and guns.

The spokesman said the defence lines have been thrown up only two and a half to three miles from the threatened port after the Communist forces captured the town of Kigye and drove the South Korean defenders back two miles.

Another enemy force was moving down the coast despite heavy air and naval bombardment.

The spokesman said the Fifth and 12th Red Divisions, mounting a double barrel offensive toward Pohang, had more artillery than usual and were showing extremely strong fighting spirit. And, he said, the Reds' renewed offensives in the last 24 hours, particularly in the North East sector, should dispel any idea that they lack power for new drives.

He added that despite prisoners' statements of heavy losses there was evidence the Communists were getting frontline reinforcements to enable them to maintain the offensive.

The spokesman said the army's capabilities included an attack from strong concentrations in the Wae-gwan-Kumwi area, possibly coupled with an effort

to break out of the Hyonpung bridge plus a drive from the East coast toward Yonchon and Taegu, and continuation of the Chiju-Masan effort.

He said the Communists are making strong efforts to reinforce their Southern forces in the Chiju-Masan area and have built two underwater fords across the Nam river capable of putting tanks across.

In the Yonpung area, he said, the Communists have built strong defensive positions with anti-tank guns along the West bank of the Nakdong, possibly as a holding measure while stronger forces are diverted elsewhere.

Heavy pressure

While launching their main drive on the Pohang front, the Communists also kept heavy pressure on the South Korean troops defending the North Eastern approaches to Taegu. The Eighth Army communiqué reported the South Korean Sixth Division guarding the highway leading into Taegu from the North East lost ground on its left flank to a Communist attack yesterday morning. A counter-attack later in the day regained part of the ground.

The fighting on the Sixth Division's front is in the area of Mount Pukye, 15 miles North of Taegu, which the Communists captured Thursday night and lost to a South Korean counter-attack late yesterday.

Early today a South Korean cavalry regiment attacked again in the Jugye area and recaptured a hill dominating the village of Sudong, two miles South West of Mount Pukye.

West of Taegu the U.S. Second Infantry Division threw a starvation trap around 2,000 Reds in a bridgehead on the East bank of the Nakdong River, 13 miles South West of the former provisional capital.

The Eighth Army communiqué reported the Communists were again in the area of Changnyong where the 14th Division was cut to pieces last week by a combined Marine and Army attack.

Sixteen small boats attempting to cross the Nakdong last night against the West of Changnyong were repelled by American artillery, the communiqué said. An enemy patrol attempting to cross in the same area was destroyed.

Other Communist forces in the Southern front attacked American troops guarding the approaches to

the port of Masan but were thrown back by combined artillery and infantry attacks.

Spectacular air strike

American bombers turned major Communist buildups of tanks, vehicles and supplies into flaming wreckage late today, adds Associated Press.

Intelligence officers said it was one of the most spectacular air strikes of the Korean war.

The planes, in five strikes, raked nine miles of roads with heavy fire.

First reports said that three tanks and 30 trucks were knocked out. When smoke finally clears, the number is expected to be much higher.

Many supply dumps were also set on fire and left burning. The planes struck at 15-minute intervals after an observation plane spotted an enemy convoy moving along secondary roads and lanes toward the Nam river, eight miles North West of Haham.

South Korean conscription.

South Korea has begun the conscription of all able-bodied men between 17 and 35 in readiness for the United Nations' defence of the South. The South Korean Defence Minister and acting Premier, Shin Sung Mo, told Reuters' correspondent yesterday.

The Government had started a great manpower drive to reinforce its existing divisions, build up mountain battalions to hunt the Communist guerrillas and form new platoons to fight alongside the Americans, he said.

Shin and his advisers estimate that it would take one year to clear the wild mountain country of isolated Communist bands when the United Nations forces have driven the Communists from South Korea.

Shin, a former captain in the British Merchant Navy, said that a considerable manpower reserve had been compressed into the United Nations area—United Press, Associated Press and Reuters.

Royal Marines leave for Korean waters



Marines are seen boarding the 13,100 ton aircraft carrier HMS Warrior at Portsmouth. The vessel has left for service in Korean waters. At background is Lord Nelson's famed flagship HMS Victory. Another carrier, HMS Theseus, 19,380 tons, has left Portsmouth for Korea.—(AP Photo).

Advance party of British troops arrive in Korea

Somewhere in Korea, August 27.

Kilts, sporrans and British jungle greens appeared at an airfield somewhere in South Korea this morning to meet the curious gaze of American GI's.

Brigadier B. A. Coad led a party of 12 officers and 20 men, who were accompanied by Air Vice-Marshal C. A. Boucher, Britain's military liaison officer with General Douglas MacArthur, the Commander-in-Chief of the United Nations forces in Korea.

Brigadier Coad and Air Vice-Marshal Boucher left the airfield for an immediate conference with Lieutenant General Walton H. Walker, the Commanding General of the Eighth Army in Korea.

Among the officers in the advance party was Captain John Slim, son of General Sir William Slim, the Chief of the Imperial General Staff.

The air party during its flight flew over the two warships standing to Korea with the first contingent of British forces from Hong Kong.

Brigadier Coad was accompanied by his two battalion commanders, Lieutenant Colonel G. L. Nelson, from Edinburgh, of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, and Lieutenant Colonel A. M. Mann, from Buckinghamshire, of the Middlesex Regiment.

The officers' men and staff around the two Dakotas stood and there appeared to be considerable pleasure at leaving Hong Kong for action in Korea.

Not enough film

American photographers concentrated on the Argyll officers who were wearing kilts and

CHURCHILL'S WARNING OF DANGER IN EUROPE

London, August 26.

Mr. Winston Churchill, leader of the Conservative Party, declared in a nationwide broadcast tonight that Europe was in grave peril from Communist attack. He pledged Britain's Conservative Party to support all necessary defence measures.

The danger in Europe, he said, was nearer than that in Korea and was on an incomparably larger scale. My eyes are not fixed upon Korea, though I admire the American action there, and am glad our men are going to help.

"There may soon be Communist attacks upon Tibet and Persia, but the supreme peril is Europe. We must try to close the hideous gap on the European front."

Mr. Churchill reiterated that he did not believe that a major war was imminent, adding, "No one can be sure, but I believe myself that we still have a breathing space, and if we use it wisely we may still ward off horror from the world."

In a latter passage he declared, "If, in two or three years, should that be granted to us, we can make a reasonable defence for the free countries outside the Iron Curtain, while at the same time the United States maintain and increase their superiority in the atomic bomb, the best hope will be given of reaching a final peace settlement."

Mr. Churchill said that during the Council of Europe meeting in Strasbourg two very remarkable things happened. "The Germans declared that they did not want to create a German national army, but were willing to serve in a European defence force."

"And, secondly, France, by a noble gesture, welcomed the idea of French and German soldiers standing side by side in the defence of freedom."

Common peril
"This is a great event in the history of Europe, and I am proud to have had something to do with it."

"Alas, it also marks the sense of common peril which oppresses us all."

Referring to the West German Chancellor, Dr. Konrad Adenauer, Mr. Churchill said, "Dr. Adenauer, the German Prime Minister, points to the very large, heavily armed Communist German forces which have been raised in the Russian zone which, he says, mean a threat to several hundred thousand men disguised as police, but really an army."

"Is not this exactly the same technique which the Kremlin oligarchy carried out in North Korea?"

"Except, of course, that the danger in Europe is nearer, and on an incomparably larger scale."

Mr. Churchill declared that "spies and traitors" had betrayed to Russia the secret of how to make the atomic bomb, and we have been officially informed that they have begun to make it.

Sole deterrent
"It is indeed a melancholy thought that nothing preserves Europe from overwhelming military attack except the devastating resources of the United States in this awful weapon."

"That is, at the present time, the sole deterrent against an aggressive Communist invasion. We wonder the Communists would like to ban it in the name of peace."

"They would then have Europe naked and at their mercy."

Mr. Churchill added that he was sorry an effort was not made to have a personal talk on the highest level with leaders of the Soviet Government. He recalled that he first made this suggestion last February during an election speech.

(Labour Party leaders denounced it as an election stunt.)

Mr. Churchill declared emphatically, "The only way to deal with Communist Russia is by having superior strength in one form or another, and then acting with reason and fairness."

"This is the plan of a battle for peace, and the only plan which has a chance of success."

"Here, at home, the Socialist policy since the war has divided our own people in a needless and painful manner."

"We lie between two general elections, but we must never forget that whatever our party differences may be we all share the same dangers and we all, when we wake up, mean to defend the same great cause."

"I pray that we may wake up in time."

Earlier in his speech Mr. Churchill stated that Russian Government inspectors had access to defence factories in Britain engaged on confidential work.

The reason was that Britain was producing machine tools for export to Russia—some of the class required for the manufacture and repair of tanks.

Mr. Churchill urged that orders should be given now to stop the export by any firm of machine tools, diesel engines, and similar equipment, to Soviet Russia.

He added that he hoped the Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, due to broadcast next week in reply to him, would be able to announce that this, at any rate, had been done.

Grave cases
Mr. Churchill said, "I have already mentioned in Parliament the astonishing episode of selling hundreds of our jet fighters to Egypt and the Argentine when our own Auxiliary Air Force so urgently needs them, and this at a time when, by establishing the American bomber base in East Anglia—a policy which we supported on national grounds—we have placed ourselves in the front line of targets in the event of war."

He alleged that there were grave cases of lack of provision of fuel and changes of plan at work "the slightest of which would mean the destruction of our system of defence, adding to its heavy cost and diminishing its already inadequate strength."

"Some of them are more suited to a secret session of Parliament than to a public broadcast," he added.

Mr. Churchill referred to Mr. Attlee's rejection of his recent demand that Parliament should be recalled before September 12, the date for which the new session has been set.

Mr. Clement Davies, leader of the Liberal Party, joined him in this demand.

Mr. Churchill said that when Parliament adjourned on July 26 the Government had placed before it £200,000,000 plan for strengthening Britain's defences. Five days later Mr. Attlee asked to see him and read to him the announcement of an entirely new and much larger plan, costing from £300,000,000 to £400,000,000 a year for three years.

The revised plan would require "far-reaching changes in our whole national industry and economy."

(Continued on page 3)

Train crash in North Wales; five killed

Pennarthmawr, North Wales, August 27.

At least five people were killed and 28 injured when a mail train carrying holidaymakers home from Ireland crashed here during the night. Other bodies, it was feared, might still be in the wreckage.

The train from Holyhead to London ran head-on into a stationary light engine 200 yards beyond the Pennarthmawr platform.

Twenty-eight people taken from the wreck were admitted to hospital in the North Wales towns of Llandudno and Bangor.—Reuters.

Body of swimmer recovered

The body of a swimmer, identified as that of Mr. Chan Hon-hop, American returned Chinese, was recovered from South Bay yesterday morning. Mr. Chan, a Shanghai, class '48, was reported missing last Thursday evening when he failed to keep an appointment with a friend at the Lido, Repulse Bay, where he went swimming earlier in the day.

It was reported that Mr. Chan was last seen alive in a row boat, alone, in his clothing, which he left on the beach, was his American passport. The body, which was taken to the Public Mortuary, was seen floating off South Bay beach at 8 a.m. by a beach attendant who brought it ashore.

Mr. Chan, who was about 26 years old, was expected to rejoin his parents in the United States this October. He arrived here about a year ago from Shanghai.

ATTLEE TO BROADCAST

London, August 27. Mr. Clement Attlee, the Prime Minister, will make an official broadcast on "the strengthening of the arms forces" next Wednesday, at 6.11 p.m. GMT.—Reuters.

U.S. House passes arms bill

Washington, August 27. A \$16,771,364,479 emergency bill to help arm the United States and its allies was passed on Saturday by the House of Representatives and sent to the Senate.

The amount represents approximately \$2,000,000,000.

Among various "hardware" items, the measure provides for the purchase of 5,333 warplanes. This boosts to more than \$30,000,000,000 the military outlays set up for this year.

Further Representative George H. Mahon, Democrat, Chairman of the Military Appropriations sub-committee told the House on Friday that the U.S. Defence Department was preparing another request for \$10,000,000,000.

Of the total in Saturday's bill, \$4,000,000,000 goes to help friendly countries abroad to build up armed power to resist Communist aggression.

Other big allotments in the new bill include \$260,000,000 for work on the hydrogen bomb and atom bomb.

For the Air Force, \$2,648,000,000. For the Navy, \$3,063,547,000. For the Army, \$62,655,000. To strengthen the State Department's Voice of America, \$19,000,000.

For military research and development, \$10,300,000.

For Selective Service, \$18,000,000, and to get laid-up merchant ships in readiness, \$10,000,000.—Associated Press.

The weather

At 5.00 GMT (5 p.m. H.K.T.), a trough of low pressure extends from the Gulf of Tonkin through the Philippines, across the Eastern Sea and Japan to the Sea of Japan. Pressure is relatively low to the SE of Japan.

Todday's forecast—light to moderate S.W. winds, cloudy with scattered showers, thunders in places.

American student reaches India after hazardous flight from China

Kalimpong, August 27.

Mr. Frank Bessav, an American student who today reached this Northern outpost of West Bengal after a one-year trek across the Chinese mainland, Tibet and Sikkim, told Reuters tonight that Tibet's morale was very high, although they were a bit frightened a few months ago.

Mr. Bessav narrowly escaped death on April 15 when Tibetan border patrols at Nakhang, 63 miles North of the Tibetan capital of Lhasa, mistakenly fired on his party.

Mr. Douglas MacKinnon, the United States Consul at Thibwa, Sikkim, and two White Russian "volunteers" and a Russian "companion," Mr. Vassili Ivanov, were wounded in the attack.

Mr. Bessav declined today to say anything of a political nature about the shooting incident.

The Tibetan Government was "very sorry about the whole incident" and the Tibetan people treated Mr. Bessav and his companions very kindly at Lhasa, he said.

Mr. Bessav, who is going to New Delhi by way of Calcutta tomorrow, will report to the United States Ambassador to India, Mr. Loy Henderson.

The California lad, who went to China among 75 Fulbright scholars, fled from Peking to "place to place," as Mr. Bessav said, and finally found refuge in Sikkim.

Thibwa when the Communists occupied the city last September.

With a curly mustache and a goatee beard he reached Kalimpong clad in breeches and Tibetan shorts, with his head cold, winds, rain and the hazardous mountain route.

Mr. Bessav spent two weeks convalescing in Lhasa with Mr. Ivanov, before reaching Gangtok in time for Sikkim's Maharaja Karmapa's marriage on August 25.

After his business in Delhi Mr. Bessav will go home to meet his parents. Mr. Ivanov described himself as a "stateless Russian" and will stay in Bombay and Calcutta with friends before going to Europe.

Mr. Bessav expressed appreciation of the Indian Mission in Lhasa when an Indian medical team nursed his wounds—Reuters.

Others in the party included Major E. E. Hunter, from Edinburgh, Captain Nigel D. L. Crowe, from York, Corporal Reginald Hope, from Finchley, London, and Sergeant Frank Redpath, from Brixton, London.—Reuters.

TIBET'S DAYS NUMBERED?

London, August 27. A world copyright message from Kalimpong in today's "Sunday Times" declared that Tibet's existence as an independent state was almost over.

The "Sunday Times" correspondent, Basil Spence, added that some time in the near future Chinese Communist troops would occupy Lhasa, the capital of Tibet.—Reuters.

PHILCO REFRIGERATOR

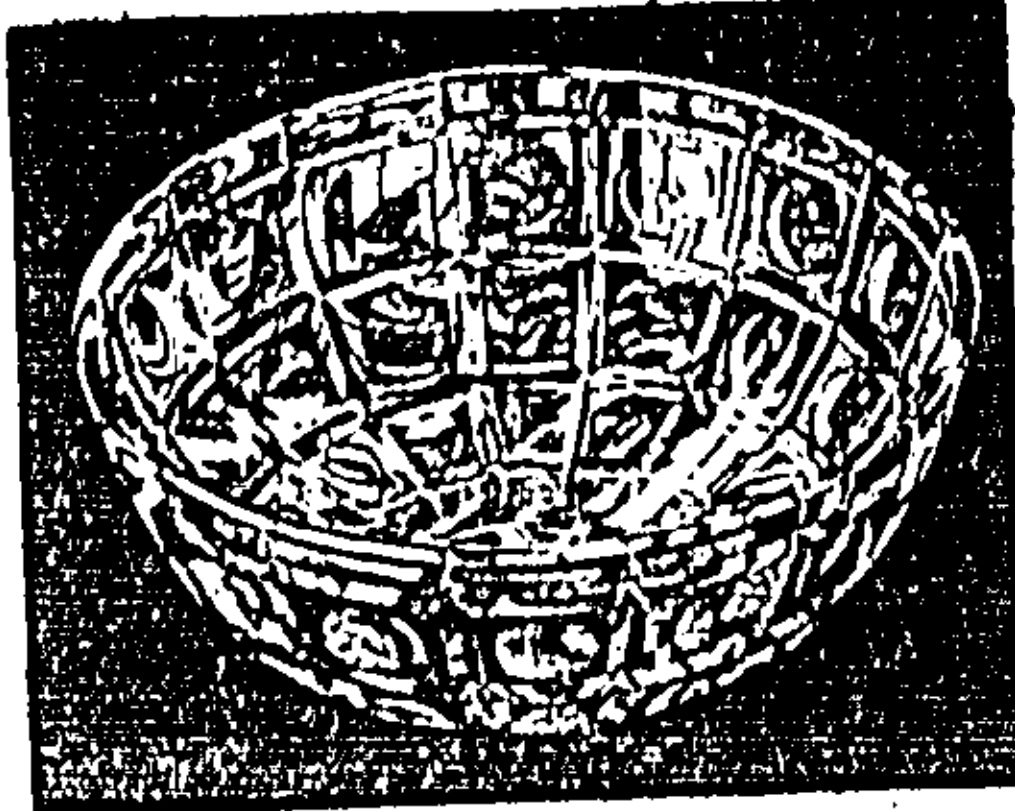
Now on Display

GILMANS

OLIVER STREET ARCADE TELEPHONE 28401

Stuart Crystal

Exquisite
hand-cut
lead
crystal



STEMMED TABLE SUITES

WATER SETS
LAGER SETS
VASES
ROSE BOWLS
FRUIT BOWLS
SAUCE BOTTLES
CELERY GLASSES

SINGLE PIECES
OR IN SETS
CAN BE MATCHED
OR REPLACED

1850
Lane, Crawford's
1950

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Eyes tired?
... from overwork or
effects of sun, wind,
dust or light glare?

Two drops
... of Murine in each
eye bring soothing
comfort in seconds.

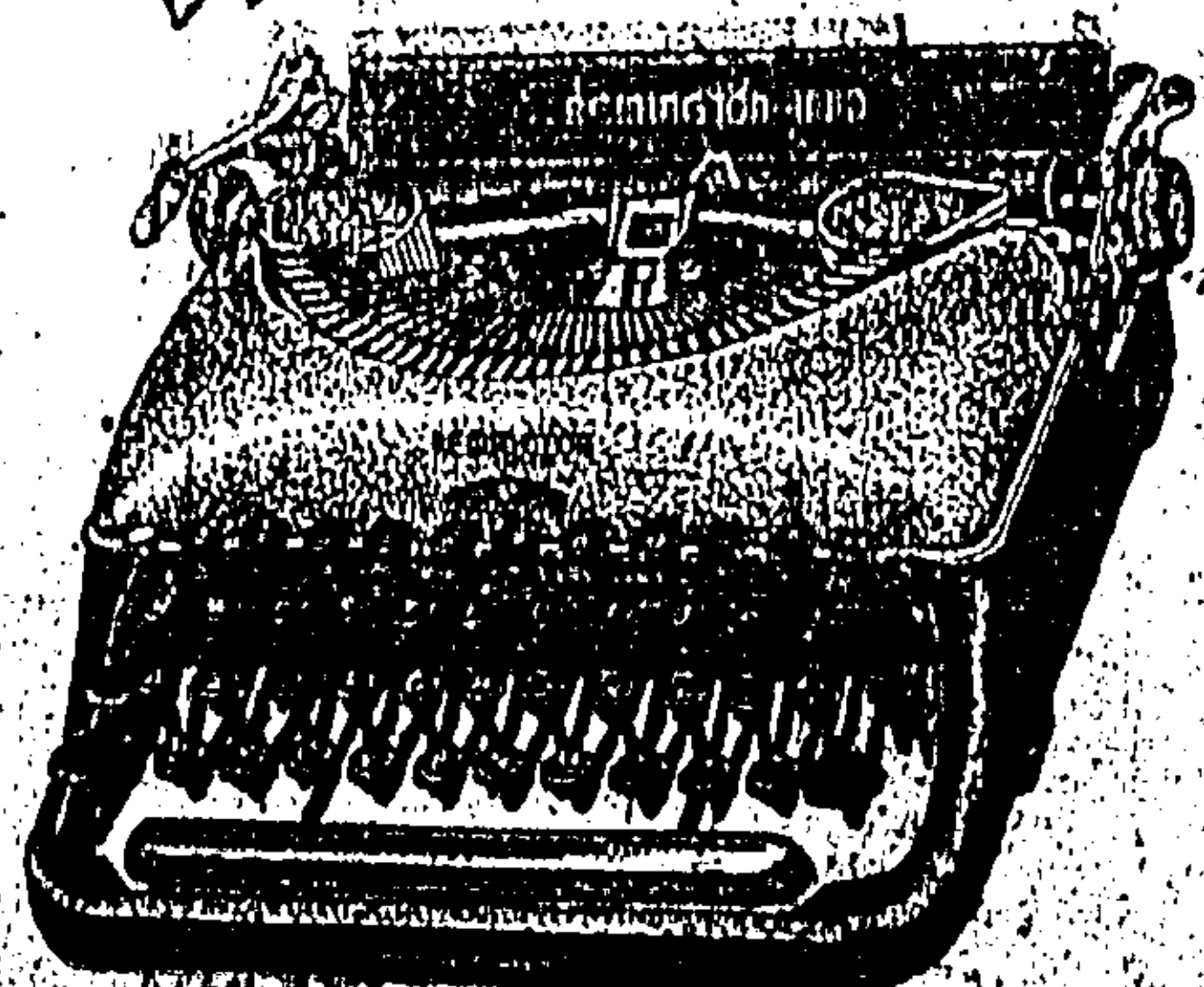
Quick relief
... your eyes feel so
clean, so refreshed.
Get Murine today!

Sole Agents:
W. R. LUXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.
7th Building Tel. 3000

Remington Rand

THE FIRST NAME IN TYPEWRITERS

And here it is!
the sensational new
**REMINGTON DELUXE
PORTABLE**



Backed by 75 years of experience

DAVIE BOAG & CO. LTD

A hundred years ago

Tales told in
"China Mail" files.

The "China Mail" was a fortnight and vigorous infant 100 years ago. In those days the local papers brought assault and battery to bear upon each other as they used to do in contemporary England. Below is an example from the "Friend of China and Hong Kong Gazette" of the way in which the "China Mail" of those days had to take it in turn:—

Writ Sarcasitic.

Every thorough-going newspaper reader will admit that the "China Mail" ever since its establishment, has been conducted on model principles. Unfettered, it would be supposed, press of attaining perfection, would imitate its Editor in all his ways.

The Editor of the "China Mail's" forte is his very clever mode of picking an article to pieces; and, if there is any personal ill-feeling towards its author, we betide the luckless wight; if he comes before the public again, he is a bold man.

But we are fallible, and even model editors may err; and we think we but speak the feelings of the public when we say that in the squabbles and long-winded articles, with which we have been continually favoured about things which are cared for but very little, and which, if condensed, could be wrapped up in a nut-shell, the Editor of the "China Mail" has overdone himself.

An analysis of the editorial effusions of the last five years would prove, that two-thirds of the whole consist of laborious attempts to prove one Contemporary or other in the wrong.

We have thus premeditated for the sole purpose of telling our readers that we are going to take a different course from that indicated by our gifted Contemporary.

Without pandering to any one or more section of our community, we are going to allow our own personal feelings of like or dislike to predominate—but with a hearty desire so far as in us lies to benefit our readers and the State, we are determined, as a general rule, to decline editorial contests, matter in their stead to furnish material for something useful shall be gleaned.

Confessing ourselves, in sincerity, admirers of his genius, and having received at his hands many marks of condescending kindness, we were anxious to entertain the reception we should meet with in our new character of public Journalist.

The reception, so anxiously anticipated, is thus expressed in his issue of Thursday.

Remarkable on the sudden death of Governor Cunha (de Maceu), he says, "we should probably have added little to this melancholy fact, but for the report, originating with some gossiping people, and officiously circulated by a Contemporary, that His Excellency had been poisoned."

Following this brotherly reception, the remark upon our "officiousness," runs some three score lines in the "last dying speech style" but which, being written for a purpose, we do not transcribe. We prefer going at once to the proof (1) the "Mall's" assertion—that the report of the poisoning originated with our Correspondent.

"The Orderly" (says the Mall) was desired to set down the untasted tea, and to assist his master to a couch, who, I remarked that perhaps the water he had been drinking had been poisoned." Then follows—as the model Editor denominates it—a

Confucius' birthday passes without fanfare in HK

The 2,501st birthday anniversary of Confucius passed almost unnoticed here in the Colony yesterday.

There was apparently only one public celebration which took place at the Po Yick Association, 63 Jervois Street, where about 100 people gathered to pay homage to the Great Sage.

No flag was raised and no fireworks exploded, on the occasion as in former years.

Firecrackers, however, did explode, but they were not for Confucius. It was the occasion of Yue Lann Chit (Orchid Dish Festival) or Festival of the Ghosts which fell on the same day.

Many residents were seen last night, offering food to the ghost and much joss, paper clothes and joss sticks were burned to provide clothing and money for the ghosts in the other world.

Formosa beflagged

Formosa was beflagged yesterday in honour of the 2,501st anniversary of the birth of the great sage, Confucius, reports Associated Press.

Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek presided at a ceremony commemorating the occasion. This was held at the Presidential office in Taipei, where Chiang, in the presence of service chiefs and top civil officials, burned incense in memory of the revered sage.

The anniversary, now known as Teacher's Day, is celebrated as a national holiday. Yesterday also marked the anniversary of the birth, 897 years ago of the famous hero, Cheng Chen-kung, better known as Koxinga.

Koxinga is celebrated in history and legend for his loyalty to the Ming dynasty whose overthrow by the Ching (Manchus) he tried vainly to prevent.

He took refuge in Formosa when he fled in 1662 at the age of 39.

The celebrations opened yesterday with an incense burning ceremony at the Confucius temple at "Big Dragon" Cave at 6.30 a.m.

It was followed by six more celebrations meetings later in the day, one of which was presided over by President Chiang Kai-shek.

A mass meeting sponsored by the National Defence Ministry in memory of Koxinga was held in the evening, followed by a 50,000-man lantern procession through the town.

The Central News Agency reported that celebrations in memory of Koxinga were also

proper remark, "That Senhor Da Cunha had peculiar notions about poisoned water, which were manifested in the regulations he laid down for supplying it pure to the ships of war."

Now what does the Mall's editorial prove, but that the late Governor da Cunha having the power of discriminating between poisoned and unpoisoned waters, hazarded the opinion that that which he had drunk was poisoned.

The report, by the "Mall's" own statement, evidently originated in the bedroom of the dying man in circulation it received general credence, and we have been informed that the Editor of the "Mall," up to the time of the post-mortem examination, concurred in believing it.

The letter, with intelligence of the sudden death, also contained a report of what His Excellency had said to his orderly.

We did not publish that part of the letter, having no desire to create extreme alarm.

As to our officiousness in making public that which we had good grounds for believing to be true, it lies with those of our readers who have important interests at stake in Macao, to say whether they would have been better satisfied with our silence.

PERSONALITY PARADE

Chairman, Exchange Brokers Association

Lieutenant-Colonel H. B. L. Dowbiggin, OBE, ED, Colonel of the Hong Kong Regiment, and chairman of the Exchange Brokers Association of Hong Kong, belongs to a family which has been associated with the Far East from 1795—the time Britain took over Ceylon from the Dutch.

Before he came to Hong Kong in the autumn of 1901, two of his great uncles, the Edwards, had already established connections with the Colony. They were both in the Army. One of them died here in 1844, and was buried in Happy Valley.

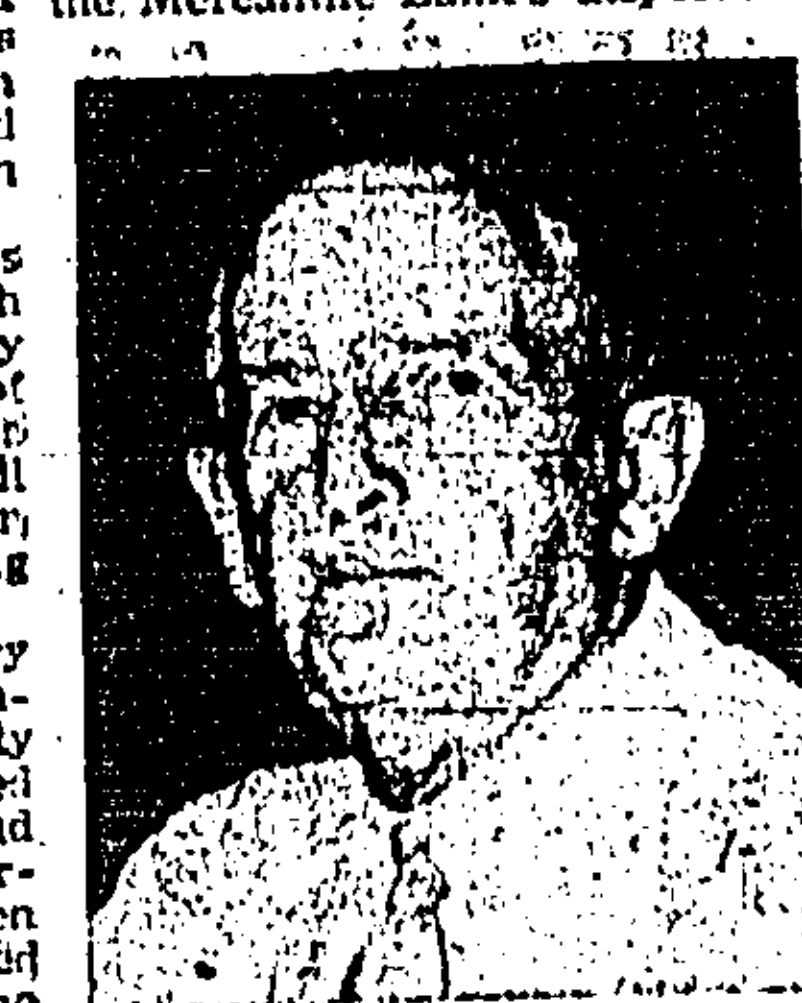
Colonel Dowbiggin himself has an association of 44 years with Hong Kong, and is consequently well-known to most sections of the community. Only two or three other people besides himself, still resident in the Colony, have been as long a member of the Hong Kong Club as he.

Recently at a talk to the Rotary Club the Colonel surprised listeners with the scope and variety of his reminiscences. He recalled the day when Peak dwellers had to use the sedan chair for journeys up and down, and when Government House was situated at least two levels lower than the present site.

Born in Ceylon in 1884, his mother was a member of the most famous family—well-known in the island from the time of the British annexation. He was educated at Christ Hospital and Trent College, and after school,

A pleasant spot

Finding Hong Kong a pleasant spot in which to live, he did not care for the transfers here and there which at that time featured the Mercantile Bank's disposal of



Col. Dowbiggin

its staff. He resigned in 1910 after a 15-year stretch with the bank to join Stewart Brothers, a firm of exchange brokers. His knowledge of finance gleaned from the Mercantile Bank days helped him considerably.

During the first world war he also helped out the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, which was then understaffed. He did odd jobs for them for two years. All that time, however, he did not abandon his own business, which grew steadily.

Two things have interested the Colonel all his life—volunteering and riding, and in both these pursuits his interest has persisted all these years. He has been identified with the Hong Kong Volunteer Corps since his arrival in the Colony, and his work to make it a representative force was recognized in 1931 when he received the OBE (military division) as a reward.

For a period he commanded the "Mounted Troop" in Hong Kong. He was responsible for starting the Armoured Car and Motor-Cycle Corps, which formed the nucleus of a mobile column.

On various occasions he acted as commandant of the Defence Corps, and was administrative commandant from 1934 to 1936.

In the sport of kings his interest has been equally intense. In all the Far Eastern sports where he was stationed he owned either horses or ponies. He was a Steward of the Hong Kong Jockey Club for a number of years, and a Clerk of the Course since November 1940.

Indomitable energy

Intimates describe Colonel Dowbiggin as a man of indomitable energy, and a review of his many activities, year in year out, attests to the truth of this.

For many years he served in the Court of the Hong Kong University and the Educational Board. Since 1918 he has been a Member of the Legislative Council, and is remembered by graduates of that institution for his sincere regard for the local boy.

Nearly two years ago he was asked to sit on the Executive Committee of the Netherlands and affiliated hospitals. He is also a Trustee of St. John's Cathedral. He maintained a keen interest in the activities of the Hong Kong Horticultural Society, of which at various times he was honorary secretary and President.

Paying her yearly visit to this port for docking and change of crew, the British-registered freighter Empire Jamaica arrived yesterday from the South Seas.

The 4,300-ton vessel, owned by Chung On Steamship Company, Limited, has been plying between Bangkok, Singapore and Java since the outbreak of the war.

Like the ss. Admiral Hardy owned by the same company and chartered to the East Asiatic Company, the Empire Jamaica is fitted with radar, echo sounder, direction finder and new Marconi wireless sets.

Two ships cleared for North China yesterday. They were the Eastern Venture of Metropolitan Shipping Company, and the Hoi Houy of Jehanun Shipping Company. The destination of both ships is said to be Dairen, but confirmation by the latter is awaited. The Eastern Venture returned to Hong Kong from Dairen only about a week ago.

The British-registered Chung Shan returned from Swatow via Swatow, and is said to be bound again tomorrow.

Revered philosopher

Confucius, a most revered philosopher, was born in the sixth century B.C. and his teachings on ethics and morals form the spiritual foundation of Chinese society even up to today, adds United Press.

His famous maxims, biblical to the Chinese people, and valued by all other countries, are said to be banned in the Peking regime.

Koxinga, was the famous Chinese general who drove out the Dutch from Formosa in 1661 and re-established Chinese sovereignty over the island, which he planned to use as a base for a counter-offensive for the recovery of the mainland from the Manchurian conquerors. He died before he could realize his plan.

"Living the life of Christ"

Without purse or script; travel companion pays

A former United States Navy officer who said he is disgusted with soiling human beings slaughtering one another, is now travelling around the world forsaking material things "to live the life of Christ." He arrived in Hong Kong yesterday.

A handsome young man of 28, his name is Forrest Elwood Nanney, otherwise known as Bob Wallace of Palm Springs, California.

Mr. Nanney arrived here from Bangkok, his last stop, after a 10-day journey. He is a former American World Airways aircraft steward, accompanied by Mrs. Dorothy Farrier, who is the owner of the world's largest chain of charm and model schools.

"Without purse or script," just as the Holy Scriptures preach, Mr. Nanney wore wavy blond hair and a sandy beard measuring at least six inches in length.

He travelled with his travelling companion, who wore a pair of gaudy trousers, a gaudy shirt, and a white jacket. Beside what he has on his back, he carried a tiny toilet kit, a pair of home-made sandals, and a Bible.

Traveling members of the Press in the Peninsula Hotel room, Mr. Nanney told reporters that his purpose of going round the world is to follow the life and teachings of "Our Lord and to impress on human beings the Gospels teachings of 'Love thy neighbour and thine enemies.'"

To write book
Mr. Nanney is also gathering material for a book which he is planning to write after his return to the United States. Before coming here, he and his companion were in Europe, the Near East and India. Everywhere they

Delegates from Hong Kong and Macao have been invited to attend the Kwangtung Provincial People's Representative Assembly to be held in Canton on October 1, said the independent vernacular "Sing Tao Jih Pao" in a report from the Portuguese Colony yesterday.

The report added that notifications had been received by industrialists, merchants and community leaders in Macao requesting them to elect 10 delegates to participate in the assembly. The number of delegates from Hong Kong was not mentioned.

The assembly will discuss, among items, the problems of agricultural reform, methods for general rent reduction and the 1951 economic programme.

PHILIPPINES ENTRY VISAS

To prevent possible infiltration of Communist espionage agents, the Philippines Government has decided to ban the issuance of entry visas to persons from the Soviet Union and other Communist-controlled countries.

This was stated in the Hong Kong Press yesterday. "Kura Bismarck" of yesterday quoted a Nationalist Central News Agency report from Manila.

The Chinese Nationalist Foreign Minister, Dr. George Yen, today described the Communist infiltration into the United Nations as a "treasonous" action, on the ground that the "voice of the Kremlin" is being used to undermine the United Nations.

Government officials said that only legitimate governments of China and any other country in the Far East should be recognized by the United Nations.

Mr. Yen said that the United Nations should not be used as a tool for the Kremlin to undermine the United Nations.

Two ships cleared for North China yesterday. They were the Eastern Venture of Metropolitan Shipping Company, and the Hoi Houy of Jehanun Shipping Company. The destination of both ships is said to be Dairen, but confirmation by the latter is awaited.

The British-registered Chung Shan returned from Swatow via Swatow, and is said to be bound again tomorrow.

He is a well-known clubman—and has been paying dues to at least five clubs regularly year after year, ever since his arrival in Hong Kong. At the Jockey Club, his non-appearance on a race day is construed as a bad omen.

In addition to the trials of internment borne by all the Allied captives at Stanley camp during the second world war, Colonel Dowbiggin suffered from a worry peculiar to himself. He felt he had no right to be at Stanley, because members of the Volunteer Corps were interned at Shamshuipo. But he was not interned there because at the time of the Colony's fall he was seconded to be Chief Distribution Officer for Food Control, and consequently was not in uniform.

The war stripped him of most of his possessions, and in his own words, "made him a poor man." He suffered an additional blow when the Japanese ruthlessly tore down his house on the Peak to provide material for their War Memorial. His house was the first of the distinction being the first to be destroyed.

He left Stanley with his health in a poor way, but recovered fully after a two-months recuperation spent at the home of one of his daughters at Vancouver, British Columbia. From Manila, which was one of the stops for the internment on their way to Europe and America on repatriation leave, he made his way to Canada on board the Canadian cruiser Prince Robert, and enjoyed Canadian hospitality at its best.

He returned to Hong Kong in November 1940, and restarted his exchange brokerage business a few weeks later. His office having gone the office he had accepted an invitation from a friend to share office space.

Colonel Dowbiggin, at 60, merits retirement from activity. But he has no thought of this for the moment because he must continue to work.

He was married in 1913 to the daughter of Dr. Francis Clark, who was at one time Medical Officer of Health in Hong Kong. He has three children, a son and two daughters.

One of the Colonel's daughters, Joan, is now on a visit to her father. She is an accomplished horsewoman who has many prizes at Epsom and Macao before the war.

Colonel Dowbiggin maintains good health, partly because all his life he has been an enthusiastic sportsman—but mostly because for years he has kept regular hours. A few weeks ago he underwent a major operation, but is now well on his feet again.

Gold has been one of the dearest of his delights. Recently however he has succumbed to the lure of lawn bowls, and is currently identified with the team of the Hong Kong Football Club, of which he is Vice-President.

He is a large man, well-proportioned in the military sense. He mixes well, and his unending flow of reminiscences is well known. People like his lack of affectation, his enthusiasm and friendliness.

Another one of our shipments from America has arrived. We now have a large stock to please all customers. Come early for your suits.

THE EVERGREEN
300 Nathan Rd., Kowloon. Tel. 6904

ss. Empire Jamaica in Harbour

Another Shock in Assam

Delegates from Hong Kong and Macao have been invited to attend the Kwangtung Provincial People's Representative Assembly to be held in Canton on October 1, said the independent vernacular "Sing Tao Jih Pao" in a report from the Portuguese Colony yesterday.

The report added that notifications had been received by industrialists, merchants and community leaders in Macao requesting them to elect 10 delegates to participate in the assembly. The number of delegates from Hong Kong was not mentioned.

The assembly will discuss, among items, the problems of agricultural reform, methods for general rent reduction and the 1951 economic programme.

PHILIPPINES ENTRY VISAS
To prevent possible infiltration of Communist espionage agents, the Philippines Government has decided to ban the issuance of entry visas to persons from the Soviet Union and other Communist-controlled countries.

This was stated in the Hong Kong Press yesterday. "Kura Bismarck" of yesterday quoted a Nationalist Central News Agency report from Manila.

The Chinese Nationalist Foreign Minister, Dr. George Yen, today described the Communist infiltration into the United Nations as a "treasonous" action, on the ground that the "voice of the Kremlin" is being used to undermine the United Nations.

Government officials said that only legitimate governments of China and any other country in the Far East should be recognized by the United Nations.

Mr. Yen said that the United Nations should not be used as a tool for the Kremlin to undermine the United Nations.

Two ships cleared for North China yesterday. They were the Eastern Venture of Metropolitan Shipping Company, and the Hoi Houy of Jehanun Shipping Company. The destination of both ships is said to be Dairen, but confirmation by the latter is awaited.

The British-registered Chung Shan returned from Swatow via Swatow, and is said to be bound again tomorrow.

MEN'S SUMMER SUITS

Another one of our shipments from America has arrived. We now have a large stock to please all customers. Come early for your suits.

THE EVERGREEN
300 Nathan Rd., Kowloon. Tel. 6904

ss. Empire Jamaica in Harbour

Paying her yearly visit to this port for docking and change of crew, the British-registered freighter Empire Jamaica arrived yesterday from the South Seas.

The 4,300-ton vessel, owned by Chung On Steamship Company, Limited, has been plying between Bangkok, Singapore and Java since the outbreak of the war.

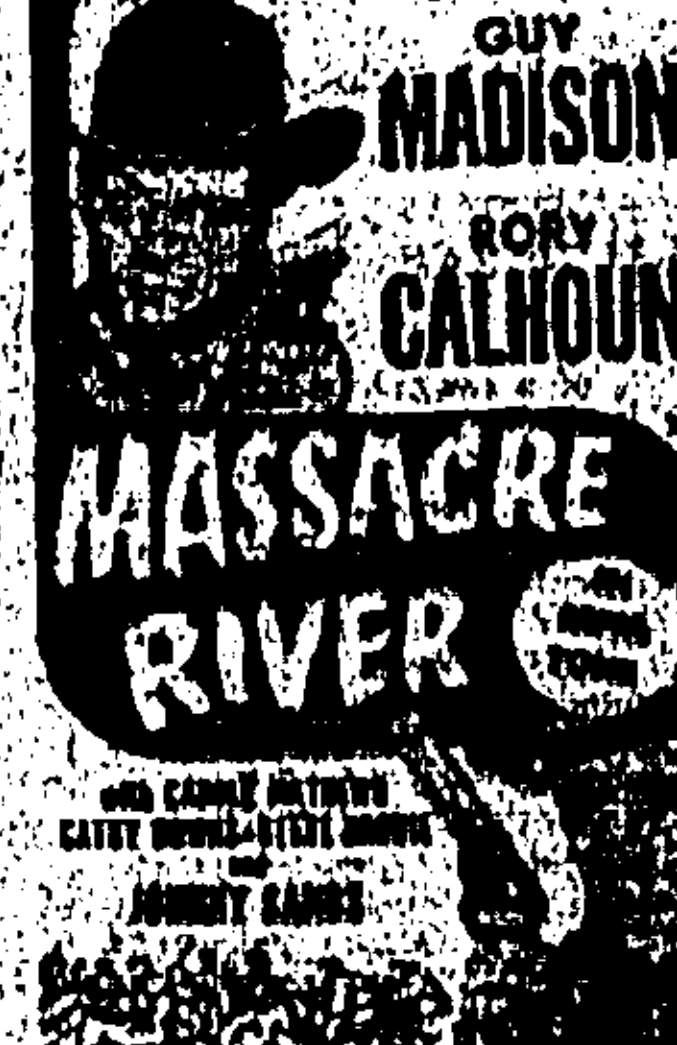
Like the ss. Admiral Hardy owned by the same company and chartered to the East Asiatic Company, the Empire Jamaica is fitted with radar, echo sounder, direction finder and new Marconi wireless sets.

Two ships cleared for North China yesterday. They were the Eastern Venture of Metropolitan Shipping Company, and the Hoi Houy of Jehanun Shipping Company. The destination of both ships is said to be Dairen, but confirmation by the latter is awaited.

The British-registered Chung Shan returned from Swatow via Swatow, and is said to be bound again tomorrow.

NEXT CHANGE AT THE KING'S

RECKLESS CONQUERORS OF SAVAGE FRONTIERS!



THE MASSACRE RIVER
GUY MADISON
ROY CALHOUN
A VICTORY PRODUCTION

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

20 Words \$2 for 1 insertion
\$1 for every additional insertion
10 cents every additional word per insertion
(Alternate insertions 10% Extra)

BIRTHS, DEATHS, MARRIAGES, PERSONAL \$5 per insertion
of 25 words, 25 cents every additional word per insertion.
Classified Advertisements, accepted up to 5 p.m. for publication
in the following days paper.

Replies for the Following Box Nos. are awaiting collection.

Replies will be forwarded to the Advertiser if requested on
the original form which should bear their names and addresses.

A suitable announcement will be inserted Free of Charge if
Advertiser's requirements are satisfactorily answered.

WANTED KNOWN

RADIO REPAIRS performed by
trained technicians under foreign
supervision. Modern, accurate
methods—no guesswork. Repairs
include cleaning and checking
chassis. Moderate rates, reliable
work. Our reputation is your
guarantee. Phone 26310, and
we'll do the rest. Colonial
Apt. 14, 14 Queen's Road.

RENOVATED DRESSES have new
collection of Afternoon and Cock-
tail frocks. Room 504 Victory
House, Wyndham Street (50 yards
pass South China Morning Post
Building) Tel. 3843.

CARPETS & RUGS—Genuine
Peking and Tibetan, lovely de-
signs and colorings, various sizes
come and inspect at The China
Rug Co., Kowloon Building, 4th
Floor (Opposite Hong Kong
Hotel) Queen's Road, Central.

LADIES, we have at your service
all specialized operations for
Helene Curtis coil waves,
machineless oil perm, hairdye,
manicure—ROSE MARIE Beauty
Parlour—Phone 50384—43. Han-
kow Road, Kowloon.

PEKING ART RUG CO., 221A
Nathan Rd., Kowloon, sell ex-
clusively carpets and rugs. Please
drop in and have a look.

"LOREAL"—undoubtedly the
BEST FRENCH COLD WAVES
Existing, with 5 different lotions
to suit each individual type of
hair. No other cold waves on
the market could touch it. CURLY
KINKY HAIR can be made
STRAIGHT with LOREAL'S
SPECIAL LOTION at \$16-\$20.
Belen's Beauty Salons.

CLASSIFIED

ADVERTISEMENTS

MAY BE BOOKED AT THE
SWINDON BOOK STORE, 25
NATHAN ROAD, TEL. 59327.

DANCING LESSONS

MISS Alice Leung for ballroom
dancing lessons, her residence or
your home, 29, King Kwong
Street, 2nd floor, Happy Valley,
1 p.m. to 10 p.m.

TO LET

TO LET beautiful furnished two/
three room apartments, all self-
contained, with refrigerator, Cooker,
Water Heater, Servants' Quar-
ters, etc. At the Luna Park Apart-
ment. Also deluxe two-room
apartments at the Cathay Flats
(Causeway Bay). For full parti-
culars please contact the Rental
Office, Luna Park Apartments,
293 King's Road.

FOR SALE

EASTMAN 16 mm. movie mag-
nifying camera, Weston Universal
exposure meter Cine Kodak Ed-
iting viewer Model 8.16. Shoulder
tripod also Bell Howell 16 mm.
projector Model 87 st. with case.
In addition one Robot 35 mm.
camera Tessar 12 lens, offered at
half list price Box 610 "Sunday
Herald."

NEWLY arrived: Pianos, Band
Orchestral, Instruments & Ac-
cessories. Including "Allison",
"Gentle", "Kemble", "Miniature",
"Merrington & Weston", "Rogers",
and "Robinson" Pianos. Bases,
Bassoons, Cornets, Cellos,
Clarinetts, Double Basses, French
Horns, Metronomes, Oboes,
Piccolos, Saxophones, Sousaphones,
Drums, Silver Flutes, Trumpets,
Trombones, Tympanites, Violins,
Violas, Zildjian Cymbals,
Maracas, Mutes, Reeds, Pads,
Springs, Strings for all kinds of
instruments. Obtainable at King's
Music Company, 5, Chiu Lung
Street, Tel. 50419.

BRAND NEW 1 H.P. console
model "ADVANCE" air con-
ditioner manufactured by the
Corvett Corporation, U.S.A., at
1/2 regular price. Please call 608
Bank of East Asia Building for
demonstration.

FOR SALE

CONVENIENT EASY Way to own
a New Pilot Radio. Whether you
need a bedside midsize, large table
model, or luxury radiogram, we
have a "Pilot" to suit. Terms as
low as only \$20 per month. Colonial
Apt. 14, 14 Queen's Road, Phone 26310.

TAMARA, MAY 302 Hong Kong
Hotel (air conditioned) and 503
Peninsula Hotel. Dresses for all
occasions in stock also Blouses,
Skirts, Shorts, etc. All reasonably
priced.

CHINA MAIL PICTORIAL (Re-
vised edition) at \$3.00 per copy.
Obtainable at all Leading Book
Stores and "China Mail" Office,
House, Tel. 32312.

SCRIBBLING PAD—100 pages
at 50 cents each. On sale at
"China Mail" Office, Windsor
House, Tel. 32312.

SALE OF CROWN LAND
An auction sale of Crown
Land will be held at P.W.D.
Headquarters on Monday, the
28th day of August, 1950, at
3 p.m.

The area which comprises
16,100 square feet is situated
at King's Road, North Point,
and is suitable for industrial
purposes.

Further particulars are
available from the Govern-
ment Gazette of August 18,
1950 or from the Crown Lands
& Survey Office.

A. P. WEIR,
Actg. Director
of Public Works.

August 11, 1950.

ST. THOMAS MORE
ASSOCIATION

An Extraordinary General
Meeting of the St. Thomas
More Association will be
held at the Catholic Club
on Monday the 4th
September, 1950 at
5.30 p.m.

For the purpose of electing a
President.

By Order of the Council,

P. LEDERHOFER,
Hon. Secretary.

DEPARTMENT OF
COMMERCE &
INDUSTRY
NOTICE

This Department will be
closed on Wednesday, the 30th
of August, 1950, for all pur-
poses except for entry and
clearance of ships' manifests
between 9 a.m. and 10 a.m.

A. G. CLARKE,
Director of Commerce
& Industry.
August 24, 1950.

NOTICE
DOLLAR DIRECTORY
(1951 EDITION)

WILL ALL FIRMS, GOVERN-
MENT, CLUBS, SCHOOLS,
ETC. KINDLY RE-
TURN THEIR COPIES AND
RETURN TO THE NEWS-
PAPER ENTERPRISE LTD.
WINDSOR HOUSE, WITH-
OUT FURTHER DELAY.

HARRIMAN REALTY CO., LTD.

King's Building (2nd floor) 9 Connaught Rd., Hong Kong.

Real Estate
Brokers
and
Valuers
FURNISHED WATER FRONT-
AGE HOME TO LET
"Dorchester Bay", 10 bedrooms, many
reception and living rooms. Attractive
view to approved tenant.

Telegram:
"Harriman"

Tel. 61255

NOTICE

HONG KONG POLICE
GAME LICENCES 1950/1951

1. Game Licences (fee \$50)
are due for renewal as from
1st. September 1950.

2. Holders wishing to re-
new their licence for 1950/51
should so endorse and forward
their 1949/50 Game Licence
by letter post to the Officer-in-
charge, Arms Office, Central
Police Station. No money or
cheques should be enclosed.
No photographs are required.

3. An acknowledgment of
receipt, containing instructions
as to further renewal action
will be sent to the address re-
gistered on the old licence.
This acknowledgment should be
carried by the addressee
when shooting game during
the renewal period together
with his valid Arms Licence.

4. Persons not wishing to
renew their 1949/50 Game
Licences are requested to so
endorse and return their old
licence to the Officer-in-charge,
Arms Office by letter post be-
fore 30th September 1950.

5. Persons found shooting
game with an expired licence
after 30th September 1950 are
liable to prosecution.

COMMISSIONER
OF POLICE.

Hong Kong, August 25, 1950.

POLICE NOTICE

Will the person who sent a
letter to the Chief Inspector
of Criminal Section, Central
Police Station, Hong Kong, on
the August 24, 1950, please
communicate with the Officer-
in-charge of Criminal Inves-
tigation Department, Central
Police Station, as soon as pos-
sible.

COMMISSIONER
OF POLICE.

Hong Kong, August 26, 1950.

POLICE NOTICE

At about 10.40 hours on
Saturday 19th August, 1950.
A Chinese male, after alight-
ing from a tramcar near 9
Ming Garden, King's Road,
Bay View, was knocked down
by motor bus No. 4333 which
was proceeding East along
King's Road. The Chinese
male received fatal injuries.

Will any person who wit-
nessed the accident or who
can give useful information
please communicate with Traf-
fic Office, Hong Kong Tel.
39346 or any Police Station.

COMMISSIONER
OF POLICE.

Hong Kong, August 25, 1950.

SLOANS
Stops
NEURALGIA SUFFERING
WITH
Healing Heat

Sloan's generates heat
quickly... brings a flow
of fresh healing blood to
painful areas. Wonderful
relief from pains of neu-
ralgia, arthritis, and all
muscular aches. Latest
scientific investigation
proves Sloan's penetrating
heat goes down deep
below the surface to
give you longed for
comfort faster.

Sloan's generates heat
quickly... brings a flow
of fresh healing blood to
painful areas. Wonderful
relief from pains of neu-
ralgia, arthritis, and all
muscular aches. Latest
scientific investigation
proves Sloan's penetrating
heat goes down deep
below the surface to
give you longed for
comfort faster.

ALWAYS KEEP
SLOAN'S READY!
Sole Distributors:
PATIN, COOPER
& Co. Ltd.

REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1949.

Arrangements have been made to register photograph
and thumbprint all-subscribers to Rediffusion (Hong Kong)
Ltd., WHO HAVE NOT YET COMMENCED REGISTRATION
PROCEDURE, together with the members of their families,
residing with them, over the age of 12 years.

All persons eligible for this registration must go to the
registration centres according to the times set out against
the code number of their monthly receipt. All persons must
produce their monthly receipt for August or their last quar-
terly receipt and each person must have their name, address,
age and occupation, written on a slip of paper; in the case
of all Chinese persons, in English and Chinese, in the case
of all other persons, in English.

ALL PERSONS ARE WARNED THAT IT IS A SERIOUS
OFFENCE TO REGISTER MORE THAN ONCE.

HONG KONG

DEFENCE FORCE HUT, MURRAY PARADE GROUND

MONDAY, 28th AUGUST TUESDAY, 29th AUGUST

Code No.	Time	Code No.	Time
A1/1	9.00 a.m.	C19/20	9.00 a.m.
A4/17	9.30 a.m.	C20/21	9.30 a.m.
B2/1	10.00 a.m.	C25/41	10.00 a.m.
B4/89	10.30 a.m.	C28/1	10.30 a.m.
B4/189	11.00 a.m.	C32/1	11.00 a.m.
B6/41	11.30 a.m.	C35/1	11.30 a.m.
B8/141	12.00 p.m.	C37/108	12.00 p.m.
B7/85	12.30 p.m.	C38/111	12.30 p.m.
B8/41	1.00 p.m.	C38/221	1.00 p.m.
B12/8	2.00 p.m.	C40/1	2.00 p.m.
C1/150	2.30 p.m.	D2/1	3.00 p.m.
C1/151	3.00 p.m.	D3/109	3.00 p.m.
C4/1	3.30 p.m.	D3/223	3.00 p.m.
C8/1	4.00 p.m.		

THURSDAY, 31st AUGUST FRIDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER

Code No.	Time	Code No.	Time
D3/224	9.00 a.m.	F4/68	9.00 a.m.
D3/338	9.30 a.m.	F5/1	9.30 a.m.
D4/1	10.00 a.m.	F6/73	10.00 a.m.
D4/101	10.30 a.m.	G1/1	10.30 a.m.
D4/201	11.00 a.m.	G3/1	11.00 a.m.
D4/301	11.30 a.m.	G9/101	11.30 a.m.
D4/401	12.00 a.m.	G9/201	12.00 a.m.
D4/601	12.30 p.m.	G11/18	12.30 p.m.
E1/1	1.00 p.m.	G12/80	1.00 p.m.
E2/45	2.30 p.m.	G13/100	2.30 p.m.
E2/46	3.00 p.m.	H2/6	3.00 p.m.
E3/41	3.30 p.m.	H4/37	3.30 p.m.
E3/141	4.00 p.m.	H7/74	4.00 p.m.
F1/1	4.30 p.m.	H8/100	4.30 p.m.

SATURDAY, 2nd SEPTEMBER

Code No.	Time	Code No.	Time
H8/101	9.00 a.m.		
H8/201	9.30 a.m.		
H8/301	10.00 a.m.		
H8/401	10.30 a.m.		
H8/501	11.00 a.m.		
H8/601	11.30 a.m.		
H8/701	12.00 a.m.		
H9/1	12.30 p.m.		

KOWLOON

KOWLOON RAILWAY STATION

MONDAY, 28th AUGUST TUESDAY, 29th AUGUST

Code No.	Time	Code No.	Time
KA1/1	9.00 a.m.	KB9/1	9.00 a.m.
KA2/81	9.30 a.m.	KC1/1	9.30 a.m.
KA2/181	10.00 a.m.	KC2/100	10.00 a.m.
KA3/31	10.30 a.m.	KC3/300	10.30 a.m.
KA3/131	11.00 a.m.	KC4/400	11.00 a.m.
KA3/231	11.30 a.m.	KC5/500	11.30 a.m.
KA4/41	12.00 p.m.	KC6/600	12.00 p.m.
KA8/49	12.30 p.m.	KC7/700	12.30 p.m.
KA8/149	1.00 p.m.	KC8/800	1.00 p.m.
KB1/35	2.00 p.m.	KC9/900	2.00 p.m.
KB1/135	2.30 p.m.	KC10/100	2.30 p.m.
KB3/18	3.00 p.m.	KC11/101	3.00 p.m.
KB4/1	3.30 p.m.	KC12/101	3.30 p.m.
KB5/87	4.00 p.m.	KC13/101	4.00 p.m.
KB5/187	4.30 p.m.	KC14/101	4.30 p.m.

THURSDAY, 31st AUGUST FRIDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER

Code No.	Time	Code No.	Time
KC5/101	9.00 a.m.	KF3/1	9.00 a.m.
KC6/1	9.30 a.m.	KF9/90	9.30 a.m.
KC7/81	10.00 a.m.	KF10/90	10.00 a.m.
KC7/181	10.30 a.m.	KF10/190	10.30 a.m.
KC7/281	11.00 a.m.	KF11/191	11.00 a.m.
KC8/1	11.30 a.m.	KF11/140	11.30 a.m.
KC14/1	12.00 p.m.	KF11/141	12.00 p.m.
KC18/1	12.30 p.m.	KF12/1	12.30 p.m.
KC21/1	1.00 p.m.	KG2/43	1.00 p.m.
KD7/40	2.00 p.m.	KG3/100	2.00 p.m.
KD7/140	2.30 p.m.	KH1/38	2.30 p.m.
KD7/141	3.00 p.m.	KH4/30	3.00 p.m.
KF1/66	3.30 p.m.	KH4/31	3.30 p.m.
KF1/166	4.00 p.m.	KH5/1	4.00 p.m.
KF1/266	4.30 p.m.	KH7/51	4.30 p.m.

SATURDAY, 2nd SEPTEMBER

Code No.	Time	Code No.	Time
KH8/51	9.00 a.m.		
KH10/1	9.30 a.m.		
KH11/31	10.00 a.m.		
KH14/1	10.30 a.m.		
KH16/1	11.00 a.m.		
KJ1/61	11.30 a.m.		
KJ3/1	12.00 a.m.		
KK2/21	12.30 p.m.		

POLICE NOTICE

ANNUAL LICENSING OF DRIVER FOR PERIOD
1st JULY, 1950 TO 30th JUNE, 1951

1. Date of Commencing of Licensing.
Licensing will commence on Monday, August 28 at 9.15
a.m. and will continue daily between the hours of 9.15 a.m.
and 12.00 a.m. and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturdays, Sundays and Public Holidays excepted.

2. Place of Licensing.
All annual driving licensing will take place at Central
Police Station.

3. Order of Licensing.
Licences will be renewed in "blocks" of 1200 per day
commencing with Nos. 1-1200 on Monday, August 28 as
follows:—

Monday, 28th August	Nos. 1 — 1200
Tuesday, 29th "	1201 — 2400
Wednesday, 30th "	2401 — 3600
Thursday, 31st "	3601 — 4800
Friday, 1st September	4801 — 6000
Monday, 4th "	6001 — 7200
Tuesday, 5th "	7201 — 8400
Wednesday, 6th "	8401 — 9600
Thursday, 7th "	9601 — 10800
Friday, 8th "	10801 — 12000
Monday, 11th "	12001 — 13200
Tuesday, 12th "	13201 — 14400
Wednesday, 13th "	14401 — 15600
Thursday, 14th "	15601 — 16800
Friday, 15th "	16801 — 18000
Monday, 18th "	18001 — 19200
Tuesday, 19th "	19201 — 20400
Wednesday, 20th "	20401 — 21600
Thursday, 21st "	21601 — 22800
Friday, 22nd "	22801 — 24000
Monday, 25th "	24001 — 25200
Tuesday, 26th "	25201 — 26400
Wednesday, 27th "	26401 — 27600
Thursday, 28th "	27601 — 28800
Friday, 29th "	28801 — 30000

4. Drivers are requested in their own interests to at-
tend on the day allotted.

5. A driver must produce his existing licence.
6. The fee for renewal of a driving licence is \$5.00.

COMMISSIONER OF POLICE

August 8, 1950.

IN THE
SUPREME COURT OF
HONG KONG

PROBATE JURISDICTION

IN THE GOODS OF
KENNETH AUGUSTUS
MASON late of 120, The
Peak, Victoria in the
Colony of Hong Kong,
Insurance Representative,
deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
that the Court has by virtue of
Section 88 of the Probate Or-
dinance 1897, made an Order
limiting the time for creditors
and others to send in their
claims against the above Estate
to the 22nd day of September,
1950.

All creditors and others are
accordingly hereby required to
send their claims to the under-
signed on or before that date.

Dated this day of August,
1950.

DEACONS,
Solicitors for the Executrix,
Prince's Building,
Hong Kong.

ROYDEN HOUSE

Coeducation: Dalton Plan
All nationalities.

Ages: from 5 to 18 years.

Next Term begins September
6th, apply to the Principals
Mrs. M. M. THOMAS and Mr.
E. C. THOMAS, B.Sc. F.R.G.S.
52 Robinson Road.

BANK HOLIDAY

The Exchange Banks will be
closed for the transaction of
public business on Wednesday,
the 30th August, 1950. (Liber-
ation Day).

Hongkong, 28th August, 1950.

Who

LEE Liberty

Daily at 2.30, 5.20
7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

SHOWING TODAY



ADDED ATTRACTION AT LEE

LATEST REPORT FROM EMBATTLED KOREA, FILMED UNDER FIRE BY DEPT OF DEFENCE AND PARAMOUNT NEWS CAMERAMAN! B-29 Superforts take off from Okinawa for raids on Key enemy targets—Marine Army Units wipe out Communist Mortar and Machine Gun Crews, etc.



NEXT
CHANGE



QUEEN'S ALHAMBRA
SHOWING TODAY At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



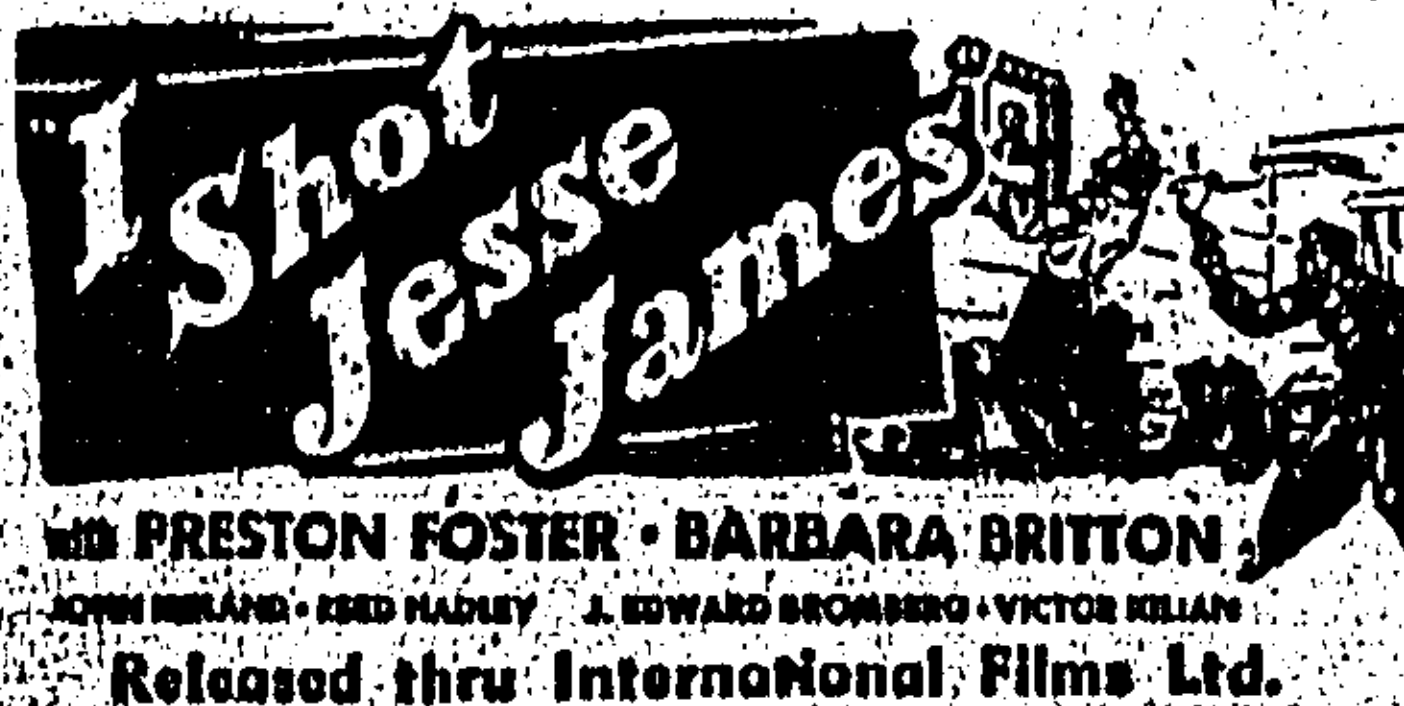
NEXT CHANGE
QUEEN'S ALHAMBRA

"COLT .45"
IN TECHNICOLOR
Randolph SCOTT
and Ruth ROMAN

Jane FRAZEE
and Warren DOUGLAS
"INCIDENT"



NEXT
ATTRACTION



PEKING REGIME ON KOREA China must join in settlement

San Francisco, August 26.

Communist China hinted strongly today that it may take a hand in the Korean war and renewed its demands that Red delegates replace Chinese Nationalists in the United Nations. Word of both moves was in Chinese Communist broadcasts heard by the Associated Press in San Francisco.

One broadcast, quoting the current issue of "Today's Culture," a Peking Communist organ, was a new attack on the United States and UN position in Korea.

The publication said, according to the radio version, that: "It is impossible to solve the Korean problem without participation of its close neighbour, China."

"The Chinese people," it added, "cannot allow such aggressive acts of American imperialism in Korea. Chairman Mao Tse-tung has stated that Asian affairs must be run by Asian people themselves."

Although thus hinting that Chinese Reds may enter the conflict, the broadcast did not say so specifically.

Telegram to UN

Another English-language broadcast from Peking said that the Chinese Red Premier and Foreign Minister, Chou En-lai, had again telegraphed the UN Secretary General, Mr. Trygve Lie, demanding the unsentencing of Chinese Nationalist UN delegates. Mr. Chou called the Nationalists "illegitimate delegates" and asserted that their continued presence in the UN is "not only a violation of the United Nations Charter but also a disregard of the rightful claim of the 475,000,000 people of the People's (Communist) Republic of China."

Word came from Lake Success today that Mr. Chou's message had reached the United Nations. Security Council delegates there expect a full hearing next week on Mr. Chou's demand of two days ago that the UN end what he called U.S. aggression.

In Hong Kong, the Nationalist Chinese newspaper "Kung Sheung Yat Po" claimed that the Soviet Foreign Minister, Mr. Vyacheslav Molotov, is still in Peking, wrangling with Chinese Red leaders over whether they should enter the Korean war or invade Formosa.

It is asserted, said the Hong Kong paper without confirmation, by the former Soviet Chief in Japan, Lieutenant-General Kuzma Derevyanko, who mysteriously left Japan about a month before the Korea trouble started.

The paper said the Russians are trying to get the Chinese to call off the invasion of Formosa and help out in Korea.

The Chinese Red Chairman, Mao Tse-tung, was reported to be willing to hold up the Formosa invasion only if Russia would supply submarines, transport planes and other supplies. He complained about the launching of the Korean invasion before the Chinese Reds could hit Formosa, the paper asserted.—Associated Press.

RUSSIAN AIM

It is asserted, said the Hong Kong paper without confirmation, by the former Soviet Chief in Japan, Lieutenant-General Kuzma Derevyanko, who mysteriously left Japan about a month before the Korea trouble started.

The paper said the Russians are trying to get the Chinese to call off the invasion of Formosa and help out in Korea.

The Chinese Red Chairman, Mao Tse-tung, was reported to be willing to hold up the Formosa invasion only if Russia would supply submarines, transport planes and other supplies. He complained about the launching of the Korean invasion before the Chinese Reds could hit Formosa, the paper asserted.—Associated Press.

FACTORY FIRE

Buenos Aires, August 26. At least 16 were killed by a fierce fire in an overshoe factory here today. About 40 workers were in the suburban plant when flames raced through the building. Police are searching the ashes for additional bodies.—United Press.

ORIENTAL AIR CONDITIONED

TAKE ANY EASTERN TRAM CAR OR HAPPY VALLEY BUS
Showing Today: 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.
HERE'S ALL THE MUSIC AND ROMANCE YOU WANT!
TOGETHER WITH ALL THE STARS YOU LOVE!

MORGAN DAY
CARSON

It's a Great Feeling

TECHNICOLOR

August — 29th.

Bette Davis • Claude Rains
in
"MR. SKEFFINGTON"

August — 28th.

2.30, 5.10, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

You'll see it with eyes shining!

LOOK FOR THE SILVER LINING

TECHNICOLOR

August — 29th.

Bette Davis • Claude Rains
in
"MR. SKEFFINGTON"

August — 28th.

2.30, 5.10, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

You'll see it with eyes shining!

LOOK FOR THE SILVER LINING

TECHNICOLOR

August — 29th.

Bette Davis • Claude Rains
in
"MR. SKEFFINGTON"

Troops for Korea



U.S. troops throng a pier in Southern Korea after landing from troop transport in background. These much-needed reinforcements will join outnumbered fighting men battling to contain Red drives at three points on the Korean perimeter guarding the key communications centre of Taegu and the all-important port of Pusan. (AP Photo).

REFUGEE OFFICE FOR EUROPE

Strasbourg, August 26.

The Assembly of the Council of Europe today adopted a resolution recommending the setting up of a European refugees office to arrange for "the political protection" of refugees and to work out an employment policy for them.

Earlier Herr Hans Schutz, German ex-refugee, informed the Assembly that refugees from behind the "Iron Curtain" already numbered 1,500,000 in West Germany. They were increasing at the rate of 1,000 a day, he said.

Appealing to the Assembly to do something to help the 10,000,000 refugees in West Germany, Herr Schutz declared that West Germany, standing on the frontiers of the Iron Curtain could not alone solve the problem of refugees coming from behind it.

The population of West Germany, he said, was 46,000,000 October 1, 1949 as compared with 39,000,000 in 1939.—Reuter.

STAR

Phone 58335
17, Hankow Road, Kowloon.

August — 28th.
2.30, 5.10, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

You'll see it with eyes shining!

LOOK FOR THE SILVER LINING

TECHNICOLOR

August — 29th.

Bette Davis • Claude Rains
in
"MR. SKEFFINGTON"

August — 28th.

2.30, 5.10, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

You'll see it with eyes shining!

LOOK FOR THE SILVER LINING

TECHNICOLOR

August — 29th.

Bette Davis • Claude Rains
in
"MR. SKEFFINGTON"

August — 28th.

2.30, 5.10, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

You'll see it with eyes shining!

LOOK FOR THE SILVER LINING

TECHNICOLOR

August — 29th.

Bette Davis • Claude Rains
in
"MR. SKEFFINGTON"

August — 28th.

2.30, 5.10, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

You'll see it with eyes shining!

LOOK FOR THE SILVER LINING

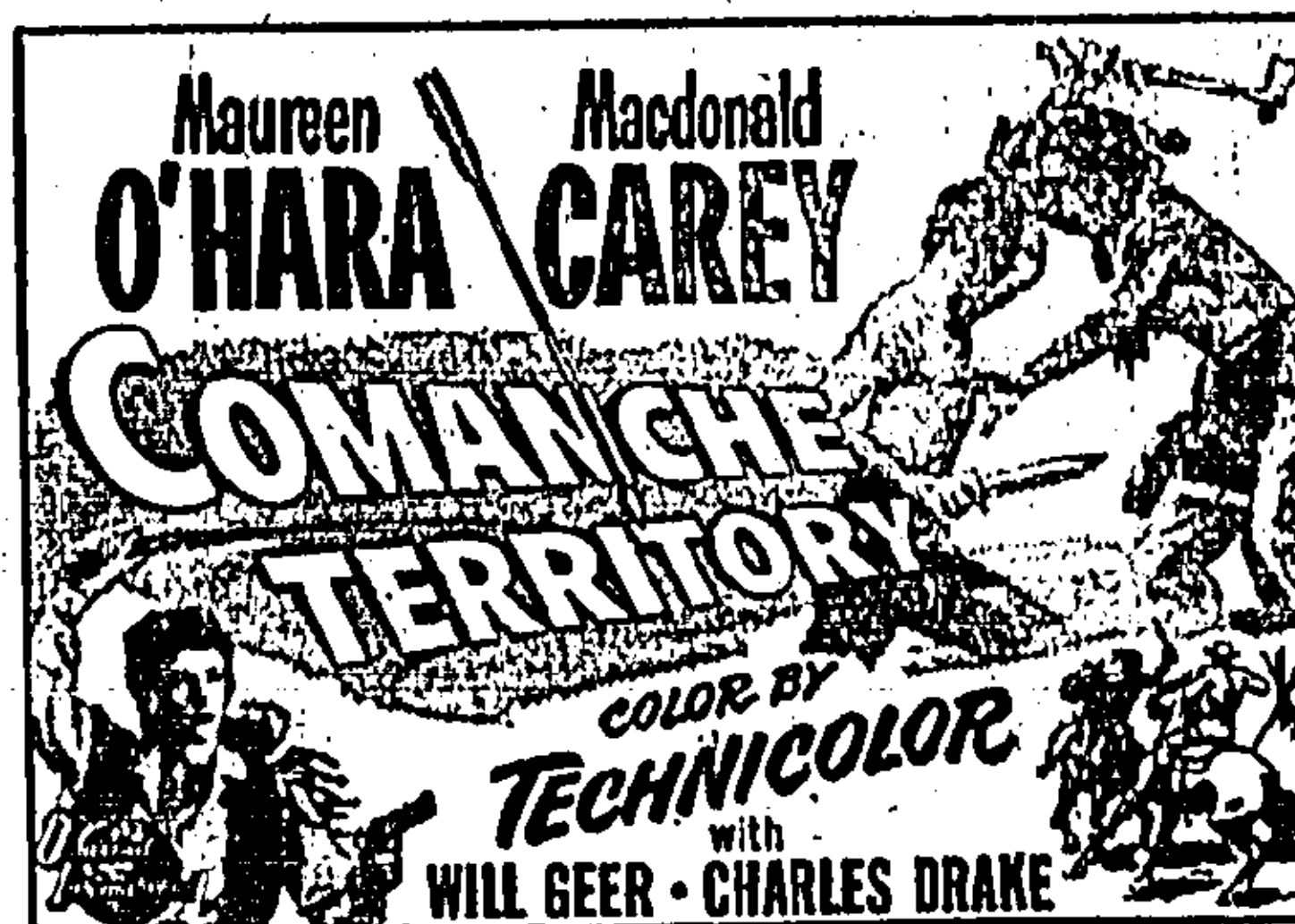
TECHNICOLOR

August — 29th.

Bette Davis • Claude Rains
in
"MR. SKEFFINGTON"

KING'S AIR-CONDITIONED

THREE SHOWS TODAY
AT 2.30, 5.15 and 7.20 P.M. ONLY



ALSO LATEST UNIVERSAL—INTERNATIONAL NEWSREEL

ROXY BROADWAY

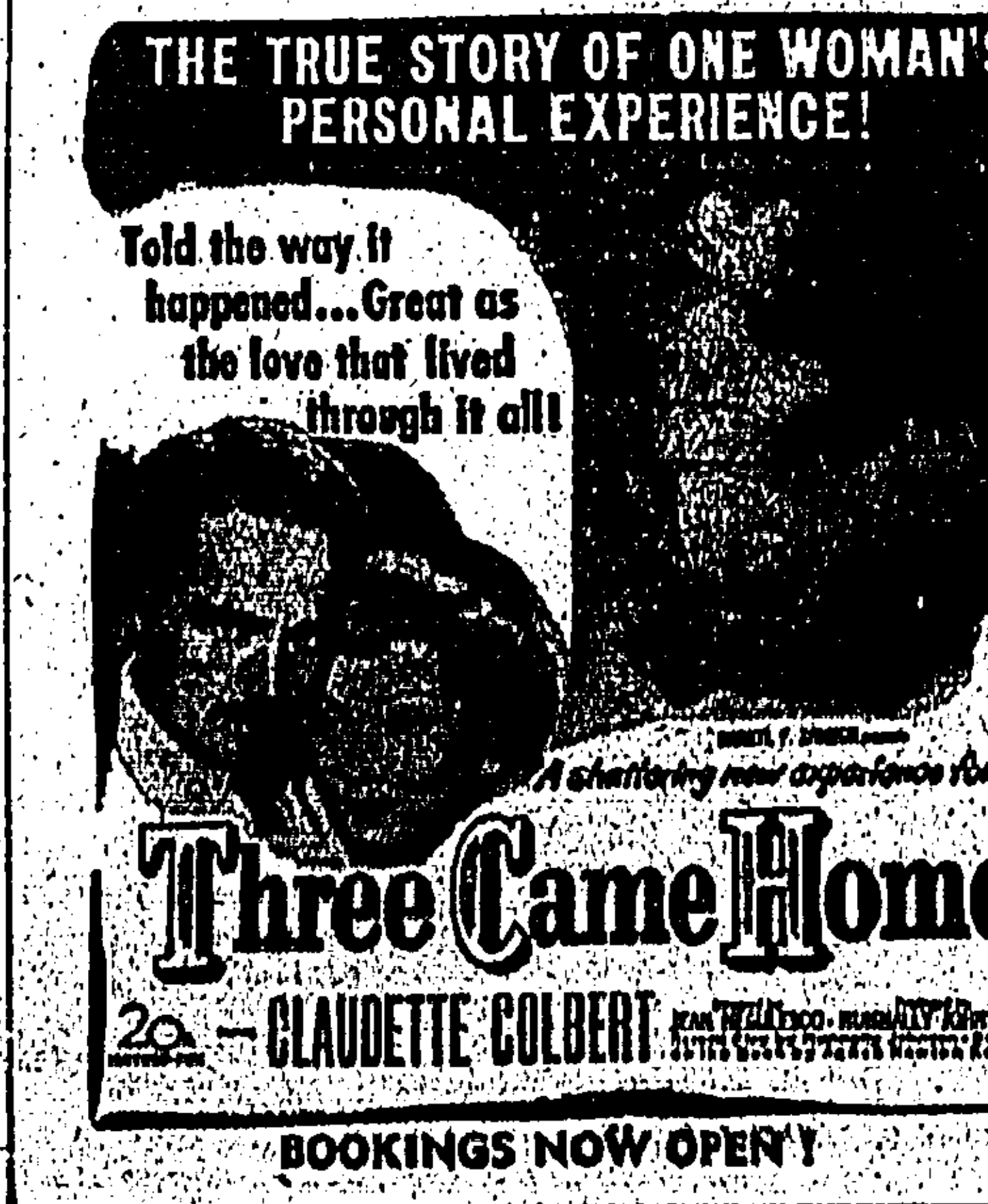
SHOWING TODAY
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



ROXY ADDED. Latest 20th Century-Fox Movietone News
1. U.S. FORCES PRESS ATTACK AGAINST REDS IN KOREA.
2. GENERAL MACARTHUR ARRIVING IN FORMOSA MEETING GENERALISSIMO AND MME. CHIANG KAI-SHEK.
3. U.N. HEARS WARREN AUSTIN'S EXPOSE OF RUSSIA'S ROLE IN KOREA WAR.
BROADWAY ADDED. MARCH OF TIME'S LATEST "REPORT ON THE ATOM."

ROXY TOMORROW

At 9.30 P.M.



LIBERATION DAY ATTRACTIONS

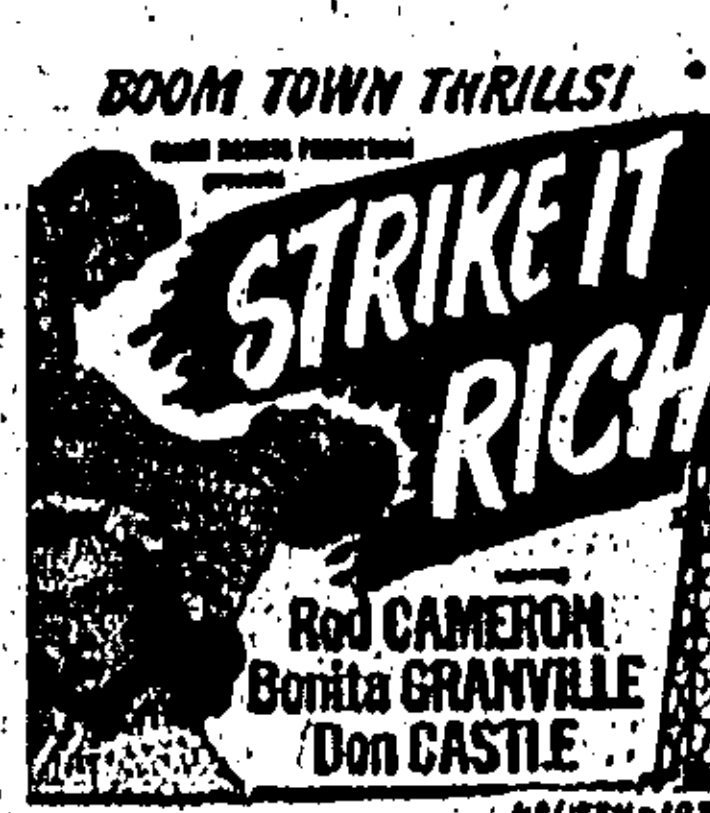
Simultaneous action releases in the leading theatres of the Colony to commemorate the arrival of Norton V. Ritchey, President of Monogram International Corporation, New York.

KING'S



49/296-103

LEE



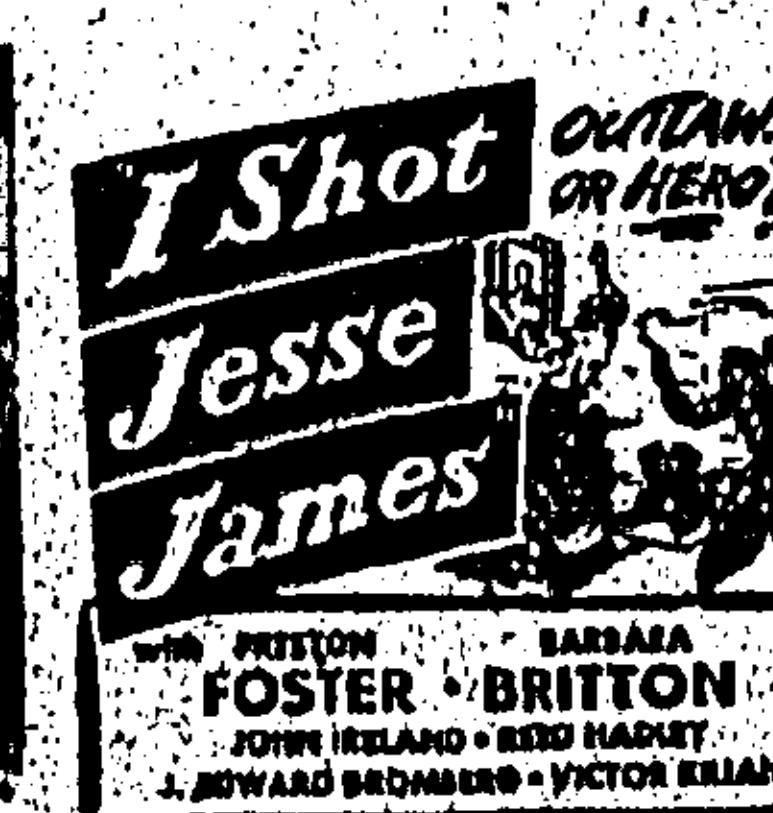
49/296-103

ALHAMBRA



49/296-103

LIBERTY



49/296-103

Now you can fly DOWN TO SINGAPORE VIA BANGKOK and UP TO HONGKONG VIA SAIGON

CPA ANNOUNCES

YET ANOTHER service to businessmen and sightseers in the Far East. This 4-way return to Singapore shows you Bangkok and Saigon—stop over anywhere or fly through in 8 hours!

Cathay Pacific Airways

General Agents: Butterfield & Swire, Passenger, call 30331, 27100 Freight, call 30260.

FLY POAS

Wednesdays & Sundays
TO SINGAPORE
THRU BANGKOK

Regular service to
TAIPEH,
TOKYO.

PACIFIC OVERSEAS AIRLINES LTD.
PENINSULA HOTEL, KOWLOON. PHONE 58865

CALENDAR OF DEPARTURES

TO SAIGON: Wednesdays, Fridays, Saturdays
TO HAIPHONG: Fridays
TO HANOI: Fridays
TO PARIS: Fridays, Saturdays

AIR FRANCE

QUEEN'S BUILDING, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100

Take the pain AWAY Mummy!

Now you CAN with speed and confidence! Angier Junior Aspirin may be safely and easily given to children in pain or discomfort; but always ask your doctor about the cause of the condition. "Junior" contains 14 grains of pure aspirin—the correct dose for a small child—in small pink, orange-flavoured tablets. No more bitterness, no spoonful of jam to "hide the taste".

Angier Junior Aspirin dissolves rapidly, acts quickly and tastes pleasant. Do not let your child suffer the pain or discomfort which Angier Junior Aspirin can quickly and safely relieve. FOR ADULTS: 4 tablets equal the normal 5 grain dose.

ANGIER'S JUNIOR ASPIRIN

Available in bottles of 50 tablets. SPECIALLY MADE FOR CHILDREN

Sole distributors for the proprietors: THE ANGIER CHEMICAL COMPANY, LTD., 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200

CHINA MAIL
WINDSOR HOUSE

12, Des Voeux Road, Central
Mezzanine Floor,
HONG KONG.

Telephone: 24354
Editor in Chief: 24354
Reporters & General Office: 24312
(four lines)

Subscription Rates:
1 month HK\$18.00
3 months HK\$56.00
6 months HK\$108.00
One Year HK\$216.00

All news contributions to be addressed to Editor-in-Chief. Advertisements and Business communications should be addressed to the Company CHINA MAIL LTD.

FACT AND FANTASIES

The Soviet delegate, M. Malik, has almost completed his innings as President of the Security Council. He used, or rather abused, his position to pour forth a torrent of propaganda built almost wholly of the fabric of fantasy. He was answered, and most effectively answered, by a massive array of facts presented by Mr. Warren Austin and a brilliant forensic exposure by the British delegate, Sir Gladwyn Jebb.

Less attention was paid to this battle, perhaps, than to the fighting fronts in Korea. That is quite natural and proper. Deeds are invariably more important than words. Nevertheless the debate at Lake Success, and the overwhelming defeat imposed on the Communist case, will have wide repercussions. It has often been complained that the Kremlin merely uses the United Nations as a forum and sounding board for malevolent and lying propaganda. But it is also a platform from which these lies can be refuted and the case against the aggressors—and their Russian supporters—be stated forcefully and clearly. This was done.

The "carbon copies of falsehoods" being spread all over the world by misguided minorities who support Communist Imperialism, were thoroughly exposed. The Soviet charge that the South Koreans were the aggressors was described as a method of "concealing guilt by accusation." Mr. Austin was especially effective in demolishing charges of United States imperialistic investments in Korea. These, he said, were investments of mercy, in churches, schools, hospitals and clinics. These and various other enterprises, including the replacement of the power supplies denied the South by the Communists, were serving the needs of the Korean people. Millions of dollars had been put into Korea, and nothing taken out.

The "big lie" made famous by Hitler, was the charge that the United States was guilty of aggression in Korea. Mr. Austin recalled that Hitler had accused Poland of aggression when he invaded that country, and that he had made the same charge against the Soviet troops when he launched his onslaught against the Red Army in 1941. The British delegate, in turn, reminded the Council of Stalin's statement in 1939 that Britain and France had attacked Germany after refusing to accept Russia's mediation offer. Since Stalin himself had subscribed to that remarkable analysis of aggression in 1939, who could believe Soviet theories of aggression in 1950? His summing up was deft and devastating. Mr. Malik's whole thesis, he said, was as follows:

"First, the forces of the Republic of Korea attacked North Korea at the insistence of the United States and other 'Imperialist' Powers."

"Second, nevertheless, and to some extent despite this argument, the war in Korea is a 'civil war' in which the United Nations should not intervene."

"Third, representatives of both sides should come together in order that the Security Council may arrange for a 'peaceful settlement' of the whole affair."

"Fourth, by 'peaceful settlement' is meant some arrangement whereby fighting stops, the United Nations forces retire, and the Communist forces left in possession of the field."

The greatest problem confronting the Italian Government today is to find work for two million unemployed men and women.

Failure to find a solution to this problem since the end of the war has plagued a succession of Governments with two associated situations that are hard to handle, namely a powerful Communist Party and a newly developing Fascist organisation.

It cannot be too often repeated that if the Communists are strong in Italy—two and a quarter million members—the reason is to be found in the poverty of the masses and in nothing else.

The Communists have promised to give land to the peasants in the South. To the workers in the North they have promised a new industrial charter of wages and hours and so on.

Basis of power

The Party today still controls about 30 per cent of the votes throughout the country simply because no Government hitherto has been successful in raising the standard of living of the working masses.

And one must add that the Communists are not anxious so long as they are not represented in the Government, or indeed do not have the whole Government in their power, that anybody else should get the credit for solving the problem. Hence the strikes and periodic riots which break out just to make the situation a little more difficult than it might otherwise be.

Italy's unemployment problem is the basic reason for the power of the Communist Party. It is also the reason why Italy may be considered a week sister among the nations of Western Europe who have subscribed to the Atlantic Pact.

A Communist-inspired insurrection in this country tomorrow would create an extremely serious internal situation, and anyone who believes the contrary knows, in my view, very little about Italy or the hold the Communist Party still maintains.

The present Government proposes to spend £700,000,000 over the next 10 years to bring peace and prosperity to the impoverished and troubled Southland. Pressure groups and sectional interests are already lighting to defeat the plan outright or whittle it down.

Big landowners, while admitting the Communist danger, are unwilling to shoulder the sacrificial burden which the Bill will undoubtedly impose on them. Eight thousand of them are being asked to surrender a combined total of 3,000,000 acres of land for distribution among upwards of 300,000 peasant families.

The Government project calls for the spending of tens of millions of pounds on aqueducts, reservoirs, land reclamation and hotels. It is a punch that could conceivably knock the Communist Party sideways once it got started.

Britain blamed

The public works schemes alone will give employment for years to hundreds of thousands of jobless men. But there are a lot of "ifs" in the project. Good

"Fifth, all that is required, therefore, to achieve peace in the first instance, is for the representative authorities in North Korea to unite to their area the South Korean Republic."

The peace propaganda of the Soviet, as Sir Gladwyn Jebb emphasised, is in itself part of the very preparation for aggression. That is true whether it takes the form of signatures for an ambiguous peace declaration, or of proposals for getting both sides to agree on a peaceful solution in Korea. The essential design is to make aggression secure and even more successful in the future, and to prevent or at least to hinder other people from coming to the victim's aid.

The true enemy bared his face at Lake Success, and did it without finesse but with reckless falsehoods. The revelation was all the more powerful because of the momentary fusion of the position of M. Malik as Soviet delegate and as President of the Council. Even the few who thought that perhaps after all the North Koreans had acted on their own can no longer countenance such a theory. Something could have been said for the aggressors, if only the issue of national unification. Clearly the Kremlin had little concern with a matter that was to them so petty. But the propaganda for the unlettered masses of Asia could not stand or persuade in such a forum, where facts were arrayed against fantasies and gained the day.

faith and determination are at a premium.

The Italian Social Movement is nostalgic for the Mussolini type of state, and is supported mainly by young men and women of the student category, who also derive fuel for the fires of their ambition from the unemployment situation. They claim that if Italy is ever to be re-

united, it must get back her colonies which will then absorb her surplus population.

Britain is regarded as the chief obstacle in the way of such an aspiration, and is regarded by many of these neo-Fascists as holding a perpetual dagger at the throat of Italy in terms of Mediterranean and colonial expansion.

It is true that the Fascist movement polled only half a million votes at the general election of 1948, but it has one deputy out of 574. But that is not the whole story.

Middle-class people are being attracted to it because it poses

ably stable she must get back her colonies which will then absorb her surplus population.

Britain is regarded as the chief obstacle in the way of such an aspiration, and is regarded by many of these neo-Fascists as holding a perpetual dagger at the throat of Italy in terms of Mediterranean and colonial expansion.

It is true that the Fascist movement polled only half a million votes at the general election of 1948, but it has one deputy out of 574. But that is not the whole story.

Middle-class people are being attracted to it because it poses

ably stable she must get back her colonies which will then absorb her surplus population.

Britain is regarded as the chief obstacle in the way of such an aspiration, and is regarded by many of these neo-Fascists as holding a perpetual dagger at the throat of Italy in terms of Mediterranean and colonial expansion.

It is true that the Fascist movement polled only half a million votes at the general election of 1948, but it has one deputy out of 574. But that is not the whole story.

Middle-class people are being attracted to it because it poses

ably stable she must get back her colonies which will then absorb her surplus population.

Britain is regarded as the chief obstacle in the way of such an aspiration, and is regarded by many of these neo-Fascists as holding a perpetual dagger at the throat of Italy in terms of Mediterranean and colonial expansion.

It is true that the Fascist movement polled only half a million votes at the general election of 1948, but it has one deputy out of 574. But that is not the whole story.

Middle-class people are being attracted to it because it poses

ably stable she must get back her colonies which will then absorb her surplus population.

Britain is regarded as the chief obstacle in the way of such an aspiration, and is regarded by many of these neo-Fascists as holding a perpetual dagger at the throat of Italy in terms of Mediterranean and colonial expansion.

It is true that the Fascist movement polled only half a million votes at the general election of 1948, but it has one deputy out of 574. But that is not the whole story.

Middle-class people are being attracted to it because it poses

ably stable she must get back her colonies which will then absorb her surplus population.

Britain is regarded as the chief obstacle in the way of such an aspiration, and is regarded by many of these neo-Fascists as holding a perpetual dagger at the throat of Italy in terms of Mediterranean and colonial expansion.

It is true that the Fascist movement polled only half a million votes at the general election of 1948, but it has one deputy out of 574. But that is not the whole story.

Middle-class people are being attracted to it because it poses

ably stable she must get back her colonies which will then absorb her surplus population.

Britain is regarded as the chief obstacle in the way of such an aspiration, and is regarded by many of these neo-Fascists as holding a perpetual dagger at the throat of Italy in terms of Mediterranean and colonial expansion.

It is true that the Fascist movement polled only half a million votes at the general election of 1948, but it has one deputy out of 574. But that is not the whole story.

Middle-class people are being attracted to it because it poses

ably stable she must get back her colonies which will then absorb her surplus population.

THE RED DANGER IN ITALY

By ROBERT SHEARER

ably stable she must get back her colonies which will then absorb her surplus population.

Britain is regarded as the chief obstacle in the way of such an aspiration, and is regarded by many of these neo-Fascists as holding a perpetual dagger at the throat of Italy in terms of Mediterranean and colonial expansion.

It is true that the Fascist movement polled only half a million votes at the general election of 1948, but it has one deputy out of 574. But that is not the whole story.

Middle-class people are being attracted to it because it poses

ably stable she must get back her colonies which will then absorb her surplus population.

Britain is regarded as the chief obstacle in the way of such an aspiration, and is regarded by many of these neo-Fascists as holding a perpetual dagger at the throat of Italy in terms of Mediterranean and colonial expansion.

It is true that the Fascist movement polled only half a million votes at the general election of 1948, but it has one deputy out of 574. But that is not the whole story.

Middle-class people are being attracted to it because it poses

ably stable she must get back her colonies which will then absorb her surplus population.

Britain is regarded as the chief obstacle in the way of such an aspiration, and is regarded by many of these neo-Fascists as holding a perpetual dagger at the throat of Italy in terms of Mediterranean and colonial expansion.

It is true that the Fascist movement polled only half a million votes at the general election of 1948, but it has one deputy out of 574. But that is not the whole story.

Middle-class people are being attracted to it because it poses

ably stable she must get back her colonies which will then absorb her surplus population.

Britain is regarded as the chief obstacle in the way of such an aspiration, and is regarded by many of these neo-Fascists as holding a perpetual dagger at the throat of Italy in terms of Mediterranean and colonial expansion.

It is true that the Fascist movement polled only half a million votes at the general election of 1948, but it has one deputy out of 574. But that is not the whole story.

Middle-class people are being attracted to it because it poses

ably stable she must get back her colonies which will then absorb her surplus population.

Britain is regarded as the chief obstacle in the way of such an aspiration, and is regarded by many of these neo-Fascists as holding a perpetual dagger at the throat of Italy in terms of Mediterranean and colonial expansion.

It is true that the Fascist movement polled only half a million votes at the general election of 1948, but it has one deputy out of 574. But that is not the whole story.

Middle-class people are being attracted to it because it poses

ably stable she must get back her colonies which will then absorb her surplus population.

Britain is regarded as the chief obstacle in the way of such an aspiration, and is regarded by many of these neo-Fascists as holding a perpetual dagger at the throat of Italy in terms of Mediterranean and colonial expansion.

It is true that the Fascist movement polled only half a million votes at the general election of 1948, but it has one deputy out of 574. But that is not the whole story.

Middle-class people are being attracted to it because it poses

ably stable she must get back her colonies which will then absorb her surplus population.

Britain is regarded as the chief obstacle in the way of such an aspiration, and is regarded by many of these neo-Fascists as holding a perpetual dagger at the throat of Italy in terms of Mediterranean and colonial expansion.

It is true that the Fascist movement polled only half a million votes at the general election of 1948, but it has one deputy out of 574. But that is not the whole story.

Search for the Spanish treasure

By Geoffrey Tenkins

Using methods employed in finding the Spanish Armada galleon in Tobermory Bay, treasure-seekers have located

timbers of what may be the wreck of the Grosvenor, an East Indian, wrecked on the South African coast in 1782.

The venture for the £6,000,000 treasure of this famous wreck is being backed by Dr. N. Bartman, a former Harley Street surgeon.

The treasure-seekers use "jet spears" and work from ski boats in the rough seas which have kept its secret, and its millions, for 178 years. They have made contact with timber in three places, all 30 feet below surface.

And—Dr. Bartman finds the treasure, he intends to give it away.

He told me: "I am financially interested in salvaging the Grosvenor's treasure, and anything I may make out of it will go to charity."

And he means it, for it was he who saved the steel from the liner City of Lincoln, wrecked off the treacherous Cape coast, and gave the proceeds to fund for polio-myelitis research.

Lending the 12 to 15 men is Dirk Duivenstein—"a brave fellow who is working at the risk of his life," says Dr. Bartman.

"I like his methods," Dr. Bartman told me, "and they are similar to those used in Tobermory Bay."

The supposed site of the Grosvenor wreck lies on a coast slightly North of Port St. John's, where a tropical river cuts its way through two towering headlands, covered in lush vegetation, to the sea.

All that remains

The road, in the thin misty autumn rain, was thick in mud, and my car sank up to the axles as I neared the treasure spot, now deserted except for the camp of the men. An old anchor and the remains of works constructed by former treasure-seekers—a tunnel was planned from the shore to the wreck—is all that remains.

The men go out in their specially-built ski-boats and probe with their "jet spears" which are long, pointed steel tubes connected to a compressor. Everything they touch—rock, sand, timber—is carefully noted on a great chart. It seems that they have found timber widely scattered, but then it must not be forgotten that the Grosvenor broke in two shortly after she struck a reef on the early morning of Sunday, August 4, 1782.

The story of how the unfortunate survivors of the Grosvenor struggled through from the inhospitable Pondoland coast, to be found eventually almost dead and starving by early Dutch settlers near Port Elizabeth, assumes new significance as one passes through the Wild Coast, still much as it was in the 18th century.

One hundred and fifty souls including a number of high-born women, sailed from Tricomaloo in June 1782, in the Grosvenor, which struck a reef in daylight after Hynes himself had shouted from the lookout that land was ahead—his shout was disregarded by the third mate, who kept the ship on her course.

She struck and broke in two. Several men swam ashore and got a hawser to the ship, and 180 men, women and children were brought ashore. Captain Coxson thought he was within 10 or 15 days' march of the frontier settlements of the Dutch.

Severe privations

One hundred and 17 days later John Hynes and two, or three others of the whole company

as a patriotic bulwark against international Communism. Nowadays it takes every opportunity of being as truculent as it dare on the streets, which is a distinct advance over even 12 months ago.

At the present moment the Government is liquidating several unproductive industrial establishments that have hitherto survived on State subventions.

Italian industry is moving back to a system of completely free competition in the hope that when Marshall Aid ends in 1952 those companies which have survived without State support will have crashed through into international markets, expanded production and thus be able to reabsorb men and women who are now losing their jobs.

But there is nothing at all certain about eventual outcome. If Italy has not succeeded in capturing a fairly prominent place in world markets by 1952, what then?

Interior Minister Mario Scelba has his riot squad ready for action at any time in the interests of public order, but that is obviously no solution of the fundamental problem.

Italians themselves are so divided as to what the answer is or indeed if there is an answer, that one suspects the democratic fortress in its Southern aspect may need considerable shoring-up after the 1952 whistle has blown.

Not a difficult task for the Russians. By agreement, circulation is handled by a State-run publishing organisation. So bundles of "British Ally" have been found in the Volga.

Only at kiosks around our Embassy is the paper now regularly displayed.

From a permitted maximum circulation of 50,000, "British Ally" has dropped to 30,000. Every week numbers of returned copies increase.

As recently as April last Sir David Kelly, British Ambassador in Moscow, went to the Kremlin to find out what was happening. In those days the Foreign Office was still polite enough to describe the circulation drop as "mysterious."

Sir David saw Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko. But no official Russian explanation has been forthcoming beyond a bald statement: "The demand is decreasing." No coincidence, either, that sales of a similar American publication have also suffered.

"British Ally" was born of the Anglo-Soviet honeymoon of 1942. Under a reciprocal agreement, the Russians published "Soviet War News" and "Soviet Weekly" in Britain. They still do.

In the early days, "British Ally" did useful work, commanding a ready sale. Pictures and news columns told the story of our war effort to an appreciative and increasing audience.

But from the end of the war, the Russian authorities displayed an ever-increasing disinclination to permit their people to read about Britain in general and the British way of life in particular.

Foreign Office headquarters over "British Ally" have not all been caused by the Russians. It has also had bad luck over staff selection.

In the last 15 months, Editor Archibald Johnstone and Assistant Editor R. Douglas have resigned. They explain their departures to the Russians through the convenient columns of "Pravda," Johnstone, indeed, felt so strongly about the matter that he renounced his British nationality.

Present editor is former London newspaperman Richard Jones. His job is worth £2,000 a year. But before he got it he was rigorously screened by nine Foreign Office experts, determined to find a "man with an open mind and no pronounced political leaning."

"British Ally" has also been in hot water for providing too many targets for eagle-eyed Soviet propagandists.

Ration news

In July last, for instance, it printed a survey of the purchasing power of British workers, with the theme: "What can be bought for one hour's pay?"

Fourteen food items were listed with prices, with the foot-

note: "Some of these foods are rationed." In fact, no fewer than 11 were rationed.

In the same article rent average for Britain was given as 12s. 6d. a week.

Small wonder Soviet propagandists gleefully accused the paper of presenting a "false and tendentious picture of—British life."

What of the cost of this propaganda weapon? Foreign Office officials are cautious. They tell me: "Sales have just about covered production costs. There has been little or no direct charge on the British taxpayer."

And is the British Government to hit back, after "British Ally's" death, by banning "Soviet War News" and "Soviet Weekly"? Will the original Anglo-Soviet propaganda agreement be reciprocal in bad times as well as good?

The Whitehall spokesmen are cautious again. "We really don't know at the moment. The agreement was not a formal one."

Death of an ally

By J. L. HAYS

Britain's propaganda voice in Russia is being throttled into silence. Soon it will croak its last.

The voice, "Britanskiy Soyuznik" ("British Ally")—the Russian-language weekly newspaper the Foreign Office publishes in Moscow—will suspend publication some time in the autumn.

The Russian Government for months now has been reducing circulation by the simple expedient of ensuring that copies do not reach shops and kiosks.

Sabotage

Not a difficult task for the Russians. By agreement, circulation is handled by a State-run publishing organisation. So bundles of "British Ally" have been found in the Volga.

Only at kiosks around our Embassy is the paper now regularly displayed.

From a permitted maximum circulation of 50,000, "British Ally" has dropped to 30,000. Every week numbers of returned copies increase.

As recently as April last Sir David Kelly, British Ambassador in Moscow, went to the Kremlin to find out what was happening. In those days the Foreign Office was still polite enough to describe the circulation drop as "mysterious."

Sir David saw Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko. But no official Russian explanation has been forthcoming beyond a bald statement: "The demand is decreasing." No coincidence, either, that sales of a similar American publication have also suffered.

"British Ally" was born of the Anglo-Soviet honeymoon of 1942. Under a reciprocal agreement, the Russians published "Soviet War News" and "Soviet Weekly" in Britain. They still do.

In the early days, "British Ally" did useful work, commanding a ready sale. Pictures and news columns told the story of our war effort to an appreciative and increasing audience.

But from the end of the war, the Russian authorities displayed an ever-increasing disinclination to permit their people to read about Britain in general and the British way of life in particular.

THREATENING SPEECH BY EAST GERMAN RED

Berlin, August 26. The East German Communist President, Dr. Wilhelm Pieck, today told the Communist-led all-German National Front Congress in East Berlin that the West German Chancellor, Dr. Konrad Adenauer, would be tried by a German People's Court "sooner than he expects". The names of all West Germans who opposed the "fight for peace" would be recorded and would be dealt with later, he said.

WESTERN ARMING SPEED-UP

London, August 26. The North Atlantic Treaty deputies today announced plans to use additional factory capacity to speed up the production of priority items in the overall defence programme of the Atlantic area.

In a communique issued today, on their past week's work, they announced that a report from the military production and supply board of the North Atlantic Pact and had indicated substantial additional capacity which can be put to use in the immediate future.

The communique said: "During the past week the North Atlantic Council of Deputies have continued their review of practical measures to strengthen the overall defences of the North Atlantic area."

"The proposals of the member governments for increased defence efforts are being analysed by a working group who will make recommendations to the deputies."

"The deputies have reviewed and taken action on a report by the permanent working staff of the military production and supply board on priority production projects, based on production capacities immediately available."

"The report indicates substantial additional capacity which can be put to use in the immediate future. Arrangements to utilise such capacity for the acceleration of co-ordinated production of high priority items are being made."

"The deputies also have under consideration various financial problems involved in the enlarged defence effort, including the initiation of the high priority production programme."

"In this connection they have received a report from the working staff of the Defence, Finance and Economic Committee."

Reuter.

Norway's defence spending

Oslo, August 26. About 190 million kroner will be allocated to the armed forces out of the now-Norwegian extraordinary defence vote of 250 million kroner, according to the Government's proposal to Parliament published today.

Civil defence will receive 35 million kroner, the police will receive 13 million, and 12 million kroner will be used for stock-piling.

The Government's proposal also asks for an additional 6,000,000 kroner which, it is estimated, will be the annual cost of running the merchant ships which Norway has placed at the disposal of the United Nations for Korea.

The 250,000,000 kroner are to cover a year-and-a-half year period. No information is given about the way in which the extra money is to be raised, but the Government statement emphasised that private building and investments will be restricted to meet the military and civilian defence needs.

Private consumption will also be restricted, partly by financial measures and partly through cuts in imports.—Reuter.

BELGIAN TROOPS FOR KOREA

Brussels, August 26. The Belgian Cabinet has decided to send a 1,000-man infantry battalion to Korea.

The decision is not subject to Parliamentary approval. It is believed it will take about two months to form and equip the unit and another month to get them to Korea by ship.—United Press.



Trust on Caribbo's SALT

See how it runs!

Addressing 7,000 people attending the second session of the Congress, Dr. Pieck called for the stopping of all "Anglo-American armed transports to Western Germany and the production of arms" as part of "active resistance to the building of a mercenary army in West Germany."

He repeated previous appeals for strikes in West Germany as part of the campaign of "national resistance" to the Western occupation powers.

He also called for the "removal of the Occupation Statute, the Ruhr Statute and the dictatorship of the High Commission" in West Germany.

Dr. Pieck was presenting the programme which the Communist-dominated "National Democratic bloc" with its single list of candidates, will offer to the

18,000,000 Germans of the Soviet zone in the October elections. Speaking in the presence of the West German Communist leader, Herr Max Reimann, who is "wanted" in West Germany on "kidnapping" charges, the Communist President proclaimed the "duty of the national resistance" and described how it could be turned into the "people's struggle."

"Peace watch" The "national resistance" was aimed at stopping "the remilitarisation of Germany, the establishment of mercenary formations and a German mercenary army," he said.

Dr. Pieck prefaced his "resistance" demands by saying that it was the job of the National Front to support the peace struggle throughout Germany by every means and establish a great "peace watch" with the aid of the entire population.

Dealing with the Korean war,

Thousands feared dead in earthquake

Calcutta, August 26. Unofficial sources estimate that the loss of life in the earthquake which rocked Assam 10 days ago may well run into thousands. The known deaths already stand at nearly 300 and property damage is estimated unofficially at some hundreds of millions of rupees.

Thirty thousand square miles of the province are reported to have been severely shaken or flooded, and two-thirds of the population affected. Food is being parachuted to villages in the inaccessible areas and engineers are attempting to restore communications.—United Press.

which, he said, was used as an "excuse" to rearm West Germany, he launched a long attack on "American intervention" and declared that the watchword of "all Germans, patriots and fighters for peace" was: Korea for the Koreans and Germany for the Germans.

"Today," he said, "the world peace front is strong enough to frustrate all war plans of the Americans. Nevertheless the danger of war is extremely great at present."—Reuter.

ADMIRAL WARNS CHINESE REDS

Tokyo, August 26. The Chinese Communists had better think twice before they try to invade Formosa, the commander of the United States naval forces in the Far East warned today.

Vice-Admiral Charles Joy said the Reds will find the U.S. Navy alert and ready for them if they attempt to cross the 80-mile stretch of water that separates the Nationalist stronghold from the Chinese mainland.

The Admiral told the United Press in an exclusive interview: "You can get any kind of intelligence reports you want," some that indicate the Communists are preparing to attack immediately, and some that indicate they are definitely not.

He added: "If I were a Communist, I would certainly think twice before attempting what they have been threatening to do. The Germans thought twice before they tried to invade England, and they had far more air power than the Chinese Communists possess and a far shorter distance to go. The only thing the Chinese Reds possess in greater numbers are bodies."

Admiral Joy's command included the Seventh Fleet, which President Truman sent at the outbreak of the Korean hostilities to protect Formosa against an invasion by the Reds.

Korea blockade

In addition to guarding the Straits of Formosa, the Seventh Fleet has effectively blockaded North Korean shipping.

Admiral Joy said the Korean invaders may be getting small amounts of supplies by water but these supplies are not getting through in sufficient quantities to seriously effect the outcome of the war.

The Admiral was high in his praise of the various United Nations naval forces operating in Korean waters. The South Korean navy and marines were doing an excellent job of cleaning up islands off the coast and in evacuating refugees from battle areas. The Korean war had emphasised the value of aircraft carriers and proved they are just as valuable now, or more valuable, than they were in World War II.

Anglo-American intelligence reports insist there are no signs of military activity along China's South East coast, opposite Formosa, despite Nationalist claims to the contrary. The Communists were believed to be preoccupied with the Korean war and its possible effect on Manchuria, and to have abandoned any immediate attempt to take Formosa.

Can attack

The Chinese Communists are capable of launching an amphibious assault on Formosa, and the entire Far East is a tinder box, declared the outgoing Chief of Staff of the U.S. Seventh Fleet, Captain George M. Mott, as he stepped in San Francisco en route to Washington.

Preventing such an invasion is the task of the fleet he has just left. He returns after two years in Asian waters.

Asked by newsmen whether he considered the Formosa situation dangerous, Captain Mott replied: "I do indeed—very dangerous."

He then went on to say that the Communists were capable of attacking Formosa. Citing Indonesia, the Philippines and Hong Kong, Captain Mott declared the entire Orient is a tinder box. It was anybody's guess when the Korean war would be over but did not believe it would be soon as far as the Americans are concerned.—United Press and Associated Press.

INVASION OF TIBET DENIED

Kalimpong, August 26.

The head of the Tibetan delegation to the Chinese Communist Government said today that there was no foundation to recent reports that Chinese Communist armies had invaded Tibet.

Tsepon Shakpa said he had been in regular wireless contact with the Tibetan capital of Lhasa. If an invasion had begun, he said, he would have been certain to receive a notification, and he had received no such word.

Shakpa and his party are waiting at this town on the Tibet-Indian border to meet the first Chinese Communist Ambassador to India.

Shakpa intends to discuss with him the relationships between Tibet and Red China. There are indications, however, that a Chinese invasion of Tibet is anticipated. A number of wealthy Tibetan merchants and officials are reported to have crossed the border to find asylum in India. They are particularly settling and making investments in land and business around Darjeeling.

Traders who recently arrived from Lhasa report that the capital itself is calm. Several of them have expressed the opinion, however, that if the Red army invades, the ruling lamas will not get wholehearted support from the masses whose economic lot is not good.

Hundreds of Tibetans today gathered in the town of Gangtok, North of Kalimpong. It is the tiny capital of the Indian State of Sikkim, which borders Tibet. They were there for the celebration of the royal wedding on Thursday of Maharaja Kumar Palden Thondup Namgyal, son of the Sikkim ruler, and a Tibetan princess, Sange Deka Samdup Phodang.—United Press.

REDS ARRESTED IN COPENHAGEN

Copenhagen, August 26. The Danish police today arrested six Communists alleged to have painted slogans on the wall and pavement at the quay where two American destroyers arrived this morning.

The slogans said: "Ami (Yan-kee) go home, Denmark out of the Atlantic treaty, hands off Korea."—Reuter.

American Air Force has crippled North Koreans

RADIO

Radio Hong Kong broadcasts on a frequency of 875 kilocycles per second and in megacycles per second in the 31 metre band.

H.K.T.

12.30—"Hong Kong Calling"—Programme Summary.

12.45—"New Music Hour"—Programme Summary.

1.15—"News, Weather Report and Announcements."

1.30—"Music for You."

2.00—"Close Down."

6.00—"Hong Kong Calling"—Programme Summary.

6.02—"Billboard Half Hour"—Conducted by Jack Frost, (Studio).

6.30—"Portuguese Half Hour."

7.00—"London Promenade O.S.H."

7.20—"Merrie England"—By Sir Edward Gurney.

8.00—"World News and News Analysis." (London Relay)

8.15—"I Like What I Like"—Presented by Gordon Wainwright, (Studio).

8.45—"Linda Carter Talks on Films." (Studio)

9.00—"From the Editor's Desk" (London Relay)

9.30—"Weather Report."

9.45—"Concerto"—Elena's Concerto for Violin and Orch. Op. 86.

Beatrice Harrison (Solo) and the New Symphony Orch. conducted by Sir Edward Elgar.

9.45—"Trumpet" (HUTCH)

10.15—"Latin-American Music"—Lectures: Cuban Raza.

10.30—"United Nations Album."

10.45—"Dance to Eric Winstone and His Band."

11.00—"Radio News Reel" (London Relay)

11.15—"Weather Report."

11.30—"Goodnight Music."

Good Night the King.

11.30—"Close Down."

RAF MAN KILLED IN AMERICA

Fort Bragg, North Carolina, August 26.

Flight Lieutenant Christopher R. Couchman, of Pirbright Camp, Aldershot, died today from injuries suffered in a parachute jump here on Wednesday.

A faulty parachute was the cause, according to an Army spokesman. The British officer had been temporarily assigned to a unit testing airborne equipment at this U.S. Air Force base.—United Press.

WHAT A COFFEE!

IT'S NEW... IT'S 'OUT OF THIS WORLD'... IT'S THE IMPROVED CHASE & SANBORN!

Such an amazing improvement, mere words can't tell you! You'll have to taste it! Taste it today! You'll see why so many, many people say, "It's heavenly... it's the finest coffee money can buy!" Get a pound from your grocer today. The new, improved Chase & Sanborn—vacuum-packed, of course!



Rediffusion

A.M.

7.00—"Up With The Sun."

7.30—"Musical Clock."

7.45—"Ed. A. Keller Programme."

8.00—"News and Weather Forecast."

8.15—"Random Rhythms."

9.00—"Morning Music."

9.15—"A programme for Women."

9.30—"Classics."

10.30—"Morning Melody."

11.30—"Make Believe Ball Room."

P.M.

12.00—"I.L.K. Stock Exchange."

12.15—"Tune Time."

12.30—"Band Call."

1.00—"News."

1.30—"Orch. Concert."

2.00—"Afternoon Music."

4.00—"Today's Choice."

4.15—"Silent Beauty and His Wildcat."

4.30—"Vagally Yours."

5.00—"Music Makers."

5.15—"Harmony Hall."

5.30—"Children's Corner."

6.45—"Radio Headlines."

6.00—"Request Programme."

6.30—"The Jumpin' Jacks."

6.45—"Do You Remember?"

7.00—"Terry and Grace."

7.15—"Candlelight and Silver."

8.00—"B.B.C. News."

8.15—"Local News."

8.30—"Concert Miniatures."

9.30—"Music by Radio."

9.45—"Musical Merry Go Round."

9.15—"Carroll Gibbons and his Orch."

9.30—"Quiz Programme."

10.00—"Local News."

10.15—"Silks and Saddles."

10.30—"Make Believe Ballroom."

11.00—"Music of Manhattan."

11.30—"A Date with Dreamland."

12.00—"Close Down."

KOREA THANKS BRITAIN

London, August 26.

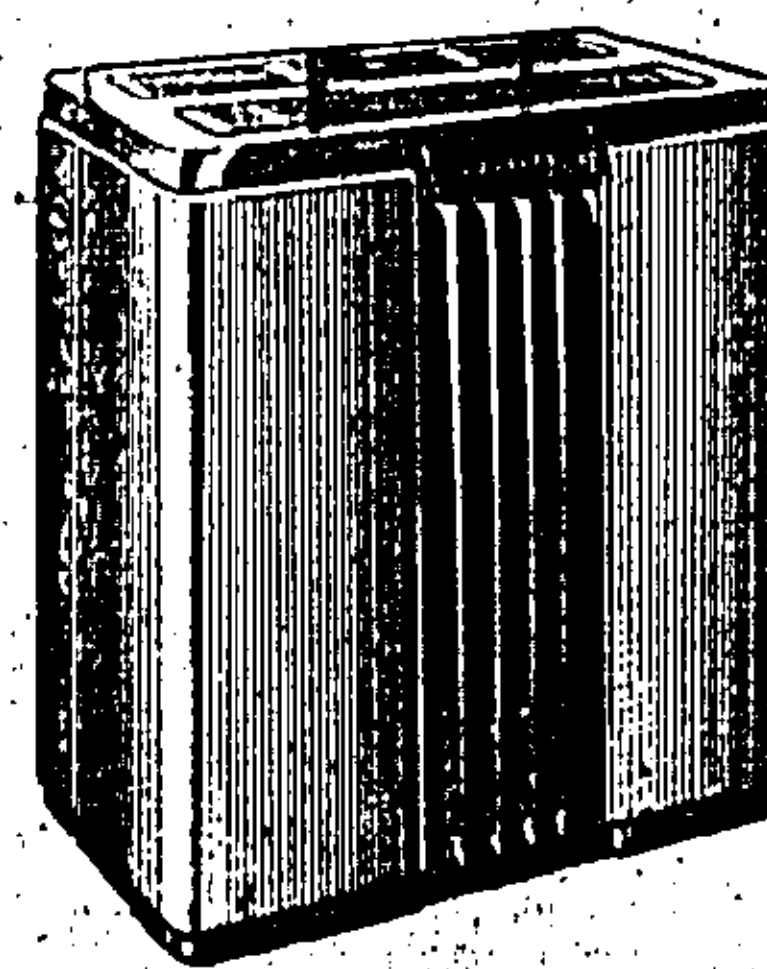
The South Korean Minister to Britain, Tehi Chang-yun, was received by the Foreign Secretary, Ernest Bevin, today.

The Minister expressed the appreciation of the South Korean Government for the despatch from Hong Kong of the first British ground troops to join the United Nations forces in Korea.—United Press.

TAKE HEAT IN STRIDE

WITH A Carrier

ROOM AIR CONDITIONER



NO WAITING—NO TROUBLE—NO FUSS
ORDER IT TO-DAY!

from

CARRIER INTERNATIONAL LTD.

St. George's Bldg.

Telephone: 38218 (Sales) 24802 (Service)

Keeps you refreshed and comfortable
Lowers humidity on muggy days
Circulates clean air without drafts
Filters out dust and dirt
Relieves hay fever and asthma
Cuts down irritating street noises
Whisper-quiet operation
Provides year-round ventilation.

JUST WHAT YOU HAVE ALWAYS WANTED

MURRAY'S REACHES HONG KONG

IMPORTANT STATEMENT

Murray's Scottish Beer is now on sale in Hong Kong. At long last you are getting the chance to taste this world-famous beer, shipped direct to you for your enjoyment. Ask for a bottle to-day and taste the goodness of a good beer.

BEER AT ITS BEST

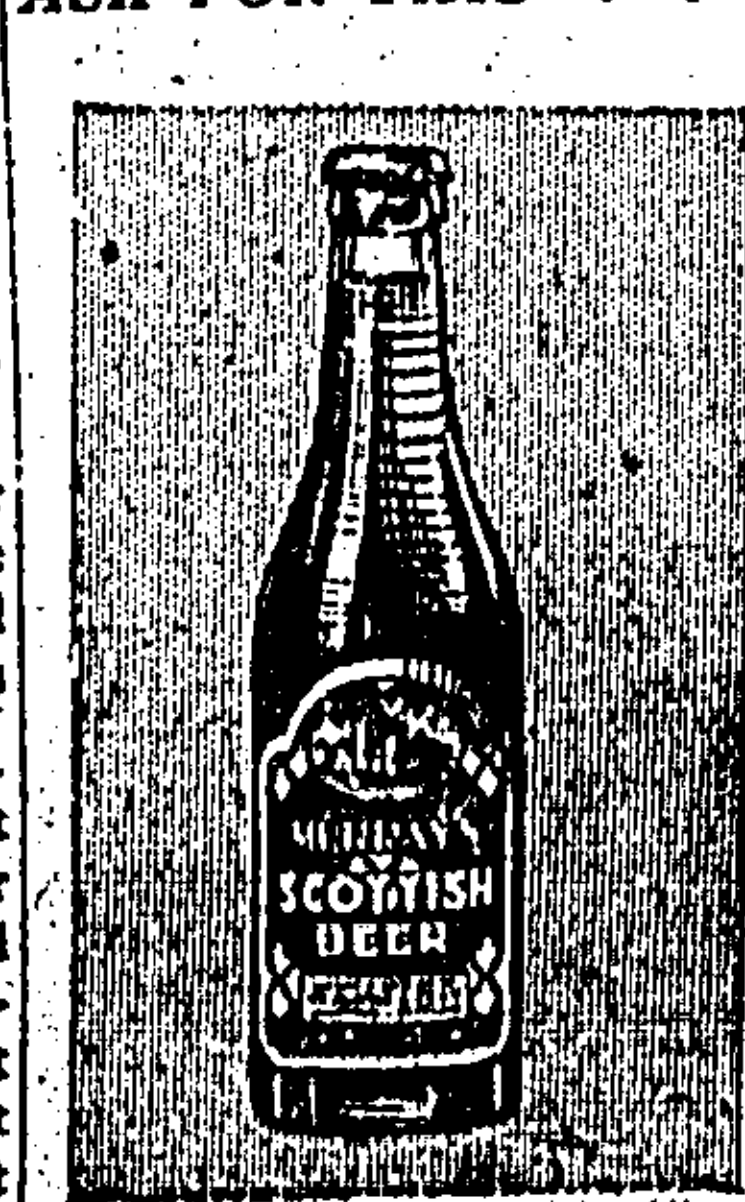
is right at any time

Here is a beer in its prime, a glass of beer that gives you a long satisfying drink that refreshes, it is at its best when slightly chilled with an ice-cube tinkling on the rim.

The rich, strong, zesty flavour of this beer will tell you at once that this is a real beer, brewed where they understand that beer is a man's drink.

Now available in Hong Kong, it is a delight for the cultured drinker of beer. To be fully appreciated it must be considered as an experience of a lifetime and not just another drink. Good beer is right at any time of the day, and is just as right at the party where you can gain the admiration of your guests by offering them Murray's Scottish Beer.

ASK FOR THIS



A BOTTLE OF MURRAY'S Scottish BEER

BREWED IN SCOTLAND

Murray's Scottish Beer is brewed with surpassing skill within the boundaries of the historic capital of Scotland, not a stone's throw from the Castle of Craigmillar, the once famous retreat of the ill-fated Mary Queen of Scots. In keeping with the historic tradition of the capital, Murray's have made the name of good Scottish Beer known throughout the world. It is a beer brewed under modern conditions with centuries of experience behind it.

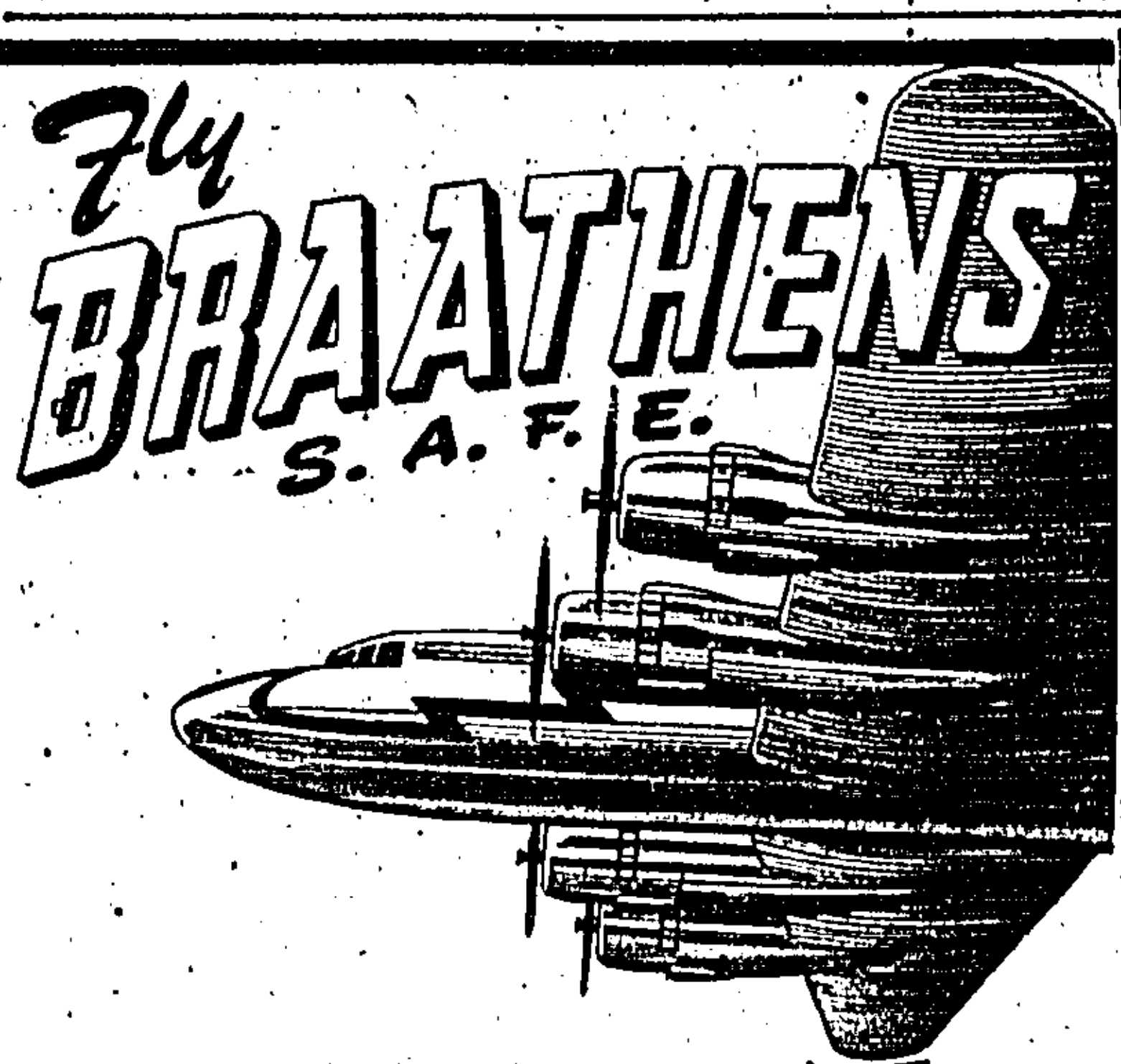
PREFERRED BY THE DISCRIMINATING

This beer is brewed with you in mind—the discriminating drinker of beer, the man who prefers no little extra that denotes quality and knows the best when he drinks it. From now on your preference should be Murray's Scottish Beer.

IMPORTERS

For those in the trade who wish to get in touch with the Importers of Murray's Scottish Beer—the name and address appear below:

W. R. Loxley & Co. (China) Ltd.
YORK BUILDING, CHATER ROAD
HONG KONG



the LUXURIOUS way to Europe!

HONGKONG—OSLO

via AMSTERDAM

BOOKINGS ACCEPTED FOR ANY EUROPEAN

DESTINATION

BRAATHENS S.A.F.E. AIRTRANSPORT A/S

FLIGHTS EVERY SATURDAY 7 A.M.

Book Passages and Freight through your Travel Agent

or the

Agents:

WALLEN & COMPANY LIMITED

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building

Tel: 88041-5

HONGKONG BUILDING SERVICE LTD.

are the publishers

LOCAL PRINTING PRESS LTD.

do the printing

WIGGINS, TEAPE & ALEX. PIRIE LTD.

supply the paper

AND DISCRIMINATING

BUSINESS & PROFESSIONAL MEN

are the readers

OF THE

HONGKONG & FAR EAST BUILDER

THE MAGAZINE WE ARE ALL PROUD OF

NOW ON SALE

\$3.00 PER COPY 15.00 PER YEAR

CARPETS

DRUGGETS
LINOLEUM
TAPESTRIES
CUSHIONS
ALWAYS IN STOCKS.
CARPET INDUSTRIES
67, Austin Rd., Kowloon.

GREAT SALE RUGS

All kinds and various sizes of Tientsin chemical washed and Peking art rugs. Wholesale and retail at lowest price.
**CLEANING & MENDING
GOOD YEAR RUG CO.**
Room 208, 1st Floor,
6, Hankow Road, Kowloon,
Tel. 58062.

SALE

Tientsin Mercerized
& Peking Art
RUGS

THE GOOD FRIEND CO.
14A, Cameron Road,
(Opposite Telephone Bldg.)
Kowloon.

A. WHITE & CO.

12, Peking Road, Kowloon.
COMMERCIAL PHOTOGRAPHERS.

DEALERS IN ALL TYPES OF
CAMERAS, & ACCESSORIES.
DEVELOPING, PRINTING
& ENLARGING SERVICE

Unusual Photographs Required

If you have any you consider in this category, send small print for consideration, payment made for any accepted for reproduction. Stamped reply envelope must accompany small print if this is to be returned. Please do not send negatives or large prints.
PIC. Newspaper Enterprise Ltd.,
Windsor House.

RODO HOUSE

210, Tai Po Road, Kowloon.
You are cordially invited to RODO.
Well furnished & fully equipped with
All conveniences
Pleasant Atmosphere
Ideal Rooms (starting from \$14 per day)
Bath Services
Genuine Food (16/- per day inclusive for 3 meals)
Hotel Car available for use by guests
Y. H. Chan, Manager.
Tel. 50978.

UNION HOUSE

221-223, Nathan Road, Kowloon
Telephone: 56526
Cable Add: "UNIOHOUSE"
Situated at convenient and residential centre.
Modern Equipment and Excellent Service.
Comfortable and pleasant surroundings.
Call or phone for reservations.

CHINA UNION ART GALLERY

WHOLESALE & RETAIL
of
CHINESE JADE, JEWELLERY,
CLOISONNE, PORCELAIN,
EMBROIDERY, IVORY AND
ANTIQUES.
Business hours:
from 10 a.m. to 7.30 p.m.
(Excluding Sundays)
Victory House (Corner of
Wyndham and Wellington St.)
Hong Kong.

LOW PRICES

Calculators, Typewriters
Carbons & Ribbons

The World Typewriter Co.

46, Wellington St., Tel: 20508
Repairing Service.

LAMMERT BROS.

Auctioneers, Surveyors
& Appraisers,
Cotton Building,
Aberdeen Road, 2018.

SEEDS

Now now for sowing flowering
Clover's choice strains of
Carnations from the Riviera,
Cinerarias from Australia,
Sweet peas from California,
Super Snowball Cauliflowers,
Golden Self-blanching Celeriac,
Imperial heading Lettuces,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
Ask for free price list
CLOVER FLOWER SHOP.
Gloucester Arcade.

RUGS

TIENTSIN CHEMICAL
WASHED RUGS
FIRST QUALITY
AT FACTORY PRICES
VISIT
**GREAT EASTERN
RUG CO.**

6 HANKOW RD. (GROUND FLOOR)
KOWLOON TEL. 29101
Agents: Hongkong & Shanghai Lane Co.
(Lan Kow)

BUTTER SHORTAGE

Butter Concentrate (Kam Tai Brand) is now available at all stores at controlled prices. This Butter Concentrate is in tins, and should be mixed with water or milk to produce one pound weight. Firmed in a refrigerator or icebox. It is exactly the same as fresh butter because no preservatives whatsoever are used. In this it will keep for years without refrigeration and should be purchased now against future shortage.

SALE

Large Assortment of
Chemical Washed &
Peking Art
RUGS

AT LOWEST PRICES

NO. 1 CHINA DEVELOPMENT CO.
26, Parkes St. G.P. (Between Bourling
St. & Austin Rd.)
Mending & Cleaning by Expert call 56333

SERVICE TO OFFER**DENNIS & CO., LTD.**

(White Ants Extermination Dept.)
Offers service in White Ant Treatment. Just make a call on the telephone and our Technician will be at your service for Free inspection.

TELS: 32913 & 33324.

TRULY —

You will look
more adorable
if you frequently
patronize

THE HOLLYWOOD

BEAUTY PARLOUR
16, CAMERON RD.,
KOWLOON.
TELEPHONE: 59249.

SHANGHAI WILLOW TAILOR

offer you
SUMMER DRESSES

at most Reasonable Prices

Please call at —
21, Granville Road, Kowloon

KING'S MUSIC CO.

5, Chia Lung St. Tel: 30439

EXPERT
PIANO
TUNING
REPAIRING

Please Phone: 30439

'BETTER HOMES & GARDENS'

No. 18, CHUNGKING ARCADE
KOWLOON

Furnishers, Decorators, Landscapers, Architects, Gardeners, Contractors, Builders, etc.
FOR THE HOME:
Pictures, Wall Clocks, Patterned Tables, Stoves, Utensils, Pottery, Crochets, etc.
FOR THE GARDEN:
Flowers, Plants, Gardeners, Sprays, Fertilizers, Garden Furniture, etc.

Challenging speech by Navy Secretary

Boston, August 26.

The Secretary of the Navy, Francis Matthews, said the United States should be willing to start a war if necessary, to achieve lasting peace. The statement from the Navy Secretary is the first suggestion of such drastic action by top Administration officials in the present tense international situation.

Mr. Matthews made the statement on Friday night at the celebration of the 150th anniversary of the Boston Navy Yard.

In a speech, specially prepared for the occasion, the Navy Secretary said: "To have peace we should be willing, and declare our intention, to pay any price, even the price of instituting war, to compel co-operation for peace."

He concluded this would be a reversal of the traditional attitude of democracy. But, he said, such a policy was vital to bring about the salvation of the free world.

Without naming names, the Navy Secretary said only nations which do not want peace would oppose such efforts to smooth "the present international conflict into a tranquil world. They would brand our programme as imperialistic aggression. We could accept that slander with com-

placency. The implementation of a strong alternative peace-seeking policy, though in character new to true democracy, would win for the United States the title "aggressors for peace."

The United States could probably not escape such a role if it wanted to, he said. "It is a cause to which we shall be compelled to dedicate our total and ultimate resources."

He added the United States should first concentrate on building up its own defences to ward off any possible attack. "Self-preservation in the present world can be purchased only by those who are capable of resisting successfully violations of their rights. We have no choice other than to build our military power to the strength which will make it impossible for any enemy to overcome us."

Vigorous disavowal
The State Department vigorously disavowed Mr. Matthews' suggestion.

The disavowal of any responsibility for Mr. Matthews' views was given to the United Press by the State Department Press Officer, Roger Tubby, in response to an inquiry.

Mr. Tubby said: "Secretary Matthews' speech was not cleared by the Department of State and it does not represent U.S. policy."

Asked what American policy was on the issue, Mr. Tubby said: "The United States does not favour instituting a war of any kind."

Mr. Tubby received instructions from top State Department officials to be categorical and make it clear that Mr. Matthews' suggestion did not represent either the State Department's or overall American policy.

Mr. Tubby issued the statement from the Secretary of State, Dean Acheson, who was at his desk when Mr. Tubby issued the statement.

The White House had no comment on the speech, but the Assistant Press Secretary, Eben Ayers, said the White House had no prior knowledge of Secretary Matthews' speech.

"Warn Russia"
Meanwhile, George Craig, national commander of the American Legion, proposed today that the United States warn Russia that Moscow would be bombed in the event of further aggression by Russian "puppets" anywhere in the world.

The leader of the war veterans organization said in a nationwide broadcast, "If Russia is going to bring on a third world war, let us have it upon our terms. We shall fight no more satellites. If Russian puppets start trouble anywhere, that will be a signal for our bombers to swing their way toward Moscow."

Craig said the cost of the Korean fighting in lives and dollars confronts the United States with the appalling realization that the nation cannot afford to engage in any more satellite wars with the time and place selected by Russia.

He added, "The Americans must now take a resolute stand for world peace. We have the atomic bomb and we have the industrial might. We can and we must put our manpower behind both."

United Press.

For Radio and Rediffusion programmes please turn to Page 7.

PRIVATE and CONFIDENTIAL INVESTIGATIONS
Personal, Commercial, etc.
Reliable information furnished.
Quick results.
THE Y.H. LAM
PRIVATE DETECTIVE AGENCY
32, VILLAGE RD., H.K.
TEL: 31831.

For Radio and Rediffusion programmes please turn to Page 7.

For Radio and Rediffusion programmes please turn to Page 7.

For Radio and Rediffusion programmes please turn to Page 7.

New Guinea defence plans

Canberra, August 26.

The Australian Federal Government is considering a £100,000,000 (Australian) defence and development scheme for Papua and New Guinea, according to usually reliable sources.

It is understood that plans provide for the money to be spent over 10 years. Private enterprise is expected to play a big part and investors will be invited to put capital into numerous projects.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

The plan, it was stated, provides for the building up of tea plantations by supply all Australia's needs, stepping up copra and rubber production, the establishment of cocoa, spices, coffee, jute, hemp, vanilla and bean plantations, exploitation of big tracts of land suitable for cattle and pig-raising and the construction of hydro-electric works to provide for big industries.—Reuter.

STRASBOURG ACCEPTS BRITISH TORY PLAN

Strasbourg, August 26.

British Conservative and French representatives voted together in favour of a proposal, adopted by the European Consultative Assembly today, calling for a renewed effort to find a basis for agreement enabling Britain to join in the Schuman plan.

British Labour representatives, Belgians and Italians voted against. Voting was 66 in favour, 19 against and 19 abstentions.

The vote was on an amendment to the report of the Assembly's Economic Committee. The amendment, submitted by the British Conservative, Harold MacMillan, called for a renewed effort forthwith to enable all the principal coal and steel producing countries to take part in the Schuman plan.

It also urged that the plan should be brought under the Council of Europe.

After a busy morning session, behind-the-scenes talks led to a compromise. Mr. MacMillan brought the debate to an end by withdrawing the word "forthwith" in the first part of his amendment and dropping the reference to the Council of Europe.

M. Paul Reynaud, of France, Chairman of the Economic Committee, had already accepted the first part of the resolution.

The Economic Committee's motion, as amended by the

MacMillan said that without Britain there might well be doubts and hesitations in many of the parliaments concerned when the Schuman plan came to them for ratification.

Mr. Will Dwyer, a member for 30 years, giving the British Labour viewpoint, said that where the British Government differed was on the political approach. They could not accept a supranational authority.

But Britain understood the viewpoint of other nations and realised it was vital that France and Germany should forget their age-old quarrels, in the pursuit of common aims.

British Liberal Lord Layton said he supported the MacMillan scheme because he believed it had something to contribute which might bring other countries, especially Britain, into the Schuman plan.

A French Socialist, Gerard Jaquet, told the Assembly it was impossible for France to accept the MacMillan proposals, which would paralysed the work of the organisation.

Integration of the plan within the framework of the Council of Europe should be made only when the Council obtained real power by reviving its statute.—Reuter.

Prague, August 26.
Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

Seventeen Czech "village rich" farmers have been sentenced from six months to 25 years on charges of high treason and conspiracy against the State, the official newspaper "Rudo Pravo" said today.—United Press.

POP**MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN**

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



By ALEX RAYMOND



By FRANK ROBBINS



BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
SAILINGS TO

"HANYANG"	Bangkok	Noon 28th Aug.
"HUNAN"	Tientsin	Noon 28th Aug.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 28th Aug.
"SZECHUEN"	Singapore & Penang	3 p.m. 31st Aug.
"PAKHUI"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 3rd Sept.
"FOYANG"	Tientsin	5 p.m. 7th Sept.
"SHANGHAI"	Bangkok	5 p.m. 8th Sept.
"ANKING"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	3 p.m. 14th Sept.

* Sails from Custodian Wharf.

ARRIVALS FROM

"FENGTSIN"	Bintan	4 p.m. 28th Aug.
"KWEIYANG"	Bangkok	7 a.m. 31st Aug.
"PAKHUI"	Bangkok	31st Aug.
"YOCHOW"	Tientsin & Tsingtau	2nd Sept.
"FOYANG"	Tientsin	3rd Sept.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	3rd Sept.

AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE LTD./CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD. JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO

"TAIPING"	Japan	30th Aug.
"CHANGTE"	Sydney, Hobart, Beauty Point, & Melbourne	31st Aug.
"TAIYUAN"	Sydney, Melbourne & Adelaide	9th Sept.
"CHANGSHA"	Japan	20th Sept.

ARRIVALS FROM

"TAIPING"	Australia, Manus Is. & Manila	In Port
"CHANGTE"	Japan	28th Aug.
"TAIYUAN"	Japan	6th Sept.
"CHANGSHA"	Australia, Kuro & Manila	16th Sept.

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said.

"ANTIOCHUS"	N. Africa, London, Holland & Hamburg	Lands 30th Aug. Sails 2nd Sept.
"MENTOR"	Manila, Liverpool & Glasgow	4th Sept.
"PERSEUS"	Genoa, Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	9th Sept.
"AUTOLYCUS"	Dublin & Liverpool	24th Sept.

ARRIVALS FROM

"MENTOR"	U.K. via Straits	31st Aug.
"CLYTONUS"	U.K. via Straits	8th Sept.
"PYRRHUS"	U.K. via Straits	15th Sept.
"ASTYANAX"	U.K. via Straits	25th Sept.
"MEMNON"	U.K. via Straits	2nd Oct.
"CALCHAS"	U.K. via Straits	8th Oct.

DE LA RAMA LINES

Sailing to NEW YORK, BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, via JAPAN, SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES & KINGSTON.

"AGAMEMNON" 21st Sept.

Arriving via MANILA from U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS

"DONA NATI" 31st Aug.

Carriers option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

All the above subject to alteration without notice. For Passage and Freight particulars please apply to

1, CONNAUGHT ROAD, CENTRAL
Tel. 30331/8 Private Exchange.

BRANCH OFFICE 50 Connaught Rd. West. 25875, 32144, 24878.

AMERICAN PIONEER LINE

to and from
Atlantic Coast Ports of
the United States
and Far Eastern Ports

NEW FAST CARGO SHIPS

ARRIVALS FROM ATLANTIC		
"PIONEER LAND"	Sept. 1	
"PIONEER SEA"	Sept. 16	
"PIONEER COVE"	Sept. 18	
SAILING TO MANILA		
"PIONEER LAND" (via Nagoya & Takubaru)	Sept. 2	
"PIONEER SEA" via Keelung, Yokohama & Kobe	Sept. 17	
"PIONEER COVE" via Yokohama, Kobe & Takubaru	Sept. 19	

SAILINGS TO NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA via JAPAN & PANAMA CANAL		
"PIONEER WAVE"	Arr. Sept. 1 Sails Sept. 3	
"PIONEER LAKE"	Sept. 10	Sept. 12
"PIONEER LAND"	Sept. 28	Sept. 28
"PIONEER SEA"	Oct. 9	Oct. 11

For rates, special information call

UNITED STATES LINES

Queen's Bldg. COMPANY Tel. 28108.

The above list indicates the principal ports of loading and discharge as presently intended, but not their retention. For further information see schedule at the Company's Office.

U.S. ATTITUDE ON TARIFFS

Washington, August 26. The United States appears ready to attend a new international conference to cut tariffs despite some Congressional demands that the meeting be postponed.

Informed Government officials believe any American withdrawal would wreck the postwar drive to expand world trade by reducing tariff barriers.

The United States and 38 other Western Governments are due to send representatives to Torquay, England, on September 28 to negotiate new cuts in tariffs. The conference would be the third in the past three years.

Senators Green, Rhode Island Democrat and Brewster, Maine Republican, have demanded that the talks either be postponed or cancelled because of what they termed "unsettled conditions" resulting from the Korean war.

Senator Green, constant supporter of the Administration's reciprocal trade programme, said "The Torquay meeting may attract certain particular industries in our country adversely."

President Harry Truman admitted at his news conference on Thursday that he will ignore such Congressional demands. He knew of no plans to call off the meeting.—Associated Press.

STRIKE THREAT IN FINLAND

Helsinki, August 26. Negotiations between the Finnish Government and trade unionists broke down tonight and in the absence of a week-end settlement, widespread strikes involving 100,000 men are due to start in Finland on Monday.

The five-month-old Coalition Government on Friday received a 101 to 85 Parliamentary vote of confidence for a wages and prices control policy, announced in answer to the "increase wages or we strike" ultimatum of the Social-Democratic-led Trades Union Federation.

The unions demanded a 15 per cent wage increase. Today the unions turned down the Prime Minister's latest offer as unsatisfactory.—Reuter.

Laying of new oil pipeline in Syria

London, August 26.

The laying of the Iraq Petroleum Company's biggest pipeline, the 30-inch from Kirkuk to Baniyas in Syria, is to begin within the next few months, it is learned at the I.P.C.'s head office here.

This enormous line with an estimated annual output of 13,000,000 tons per annum will be completed in 1952.

Pipes for construction purposes are already shipped to the Middle East and pumping stations along this new line are constructed and will be operating within two years.

Whilst the fate of the Haifa pipeline is still obscure, this additional line together with the 12-inch and 16-inch pipelines to Tripoli will bring the company's output to over 20,000,000 tons per year.

The I.P.C. management is reluctant to comment further on the statements already made by the company itself and Nuri Said Pasha following the agreement reached between the company and the Iraqi Government in London recently.

The construction of the 16-inch pipeline which is almost completed up to the Israel frontier has been suspended since the same date when the oldest line, the 12-inch Haifa line, ceased to operate at the outbreak of the Palestine war two years ago. It seems rather unlikely that Haifa will regain its position as the Middle East oil centre and Syria has taken a predominant position, since the company's removal of its headquarters to Tripoli.

It was understood the I.P.C. is completely satisfied with the internal position in Syria itself and the Middle East in general for carrying out these new development schemes.

Higher royalties The British decision to re-open the Haifa refineries does not affect the Iraq Petroleum Company, which is not concerned with oil refining. Loading and shipment facilities in Syrian ports were described as satisfactory, although they lack such Haifa facilities as a special oil dock and oil zone which are owned by the company there.

Authoritative oil circles here state that Nuri Said Pasha won most of his demands during the negotiations here this month. Iraq

BRITISH HELP FOR GERMANY

Hamburg, August 26. Sir Ivone Kirkpatrick, British High Commissioner, told a British-German audience here today that Britain had spent £200,000,000 to help Germany recover and to enable her to compete in world markets.

"We want Germany to be able to compete," he declared. There was no foundation for the belief that in questions of dismantling and restricting German industry and shipping, Britain had been influenced by the desire to throttle competition.

The Commissioner said that security restrictions imposed on Germany in the political, financial and economic fields would be progressively lifted.

"If Germany keeps faith with us, she need not be afraid that we shall not keep faith with her," he asserted.—Reuter.

INTERNATIONAL ARTS PLAN

New York, August 26.

Twenty artists from 13 countries including India, have been chosen to take part in the 1950 International Arts programme sponsored by the Institute of International Education and the Rockefeller Foundation.

The group will arrive at about September 15 for a three month programme of study, travel, exhibitions, demonstration of their work and consultation with outstanding American figures in the art world.

They will visit art schools and universities in various parts of the United States and will return to New York in December for a final seminar.

Among those selected were the Indian artists Krishnaji Shamrao Kulkarni, painter and sculptor, and R. Ranjan, dancer choreographer, and the Japanese author Fumiko Komatsu.

Other countries represented include Britain, France, Italy and Israel.—Reuter.

GERMANS WORK FOR SHAH

Hamburg, August 26.

Women outnumbered men by two to one in a party of Germans who flew today to Teheran to work for the Shah of Persia.

Seven men, led by a 34-year-old East German refugee farming expert, Job Steinbeck, are to administer the Shah's mammoth estates.

They also include three assistant farmers, two doctors and an accountant. Fourteen women accompanied them. Five children, the youngest under six months, were included in the party.—Reuter.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

S.S. "TAIPING"

Arrd. 26th August, 1950.

Damaged cargo ex this vessel will be surveyed by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf from 10 a.m. on the 31st August & 1st September, 1950 and consignees representatives are requested to be present during the survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

China Navigation Co., Ltd.

Australian-Oriental Line Ltd.

GERMANY'S TRADE WITH PORTUGAL

Frankfurt, August 26.

A German-Portuguese trade agreement was signed here today and went into effect immediately. The agreement calls for deliveries of goods worth US\$30,000,000 both ways and will be effective for one year.

Portuguese deliveries include, oil, fresh and dried fruits, potatoes, tea, wines, wool, pyrite, lumber and cork. German exports consist of machines, cars, bicycles, motorcycles, iron, steel and metal goods, cameras, watches, pencils, chemicals, lumber products, paper, rubber, leather, furs and seed potatoes.—United Press.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

CONSIGNEES PER BARBER LINE

M.S. "TANCRED"

Are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co's godown where it will be at consignees risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and condition of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godowns for examination by Consignees and the Company's surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on the 28th August, 1950.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's godown, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 28th August, 1950, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 4th September, 1950, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hong Kong, August 22, 1950.

P&O B.I. E&A COMPANIES

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE

OUTWARDS	LEAVES LONDON	DUE HONGKONG
S.S. "CANTON"	Sailed	28th August
S.S. "CANTHAGE"	Sailed	18th September
S.S. "CORFU"	21st September	23rd October
Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore.		
HOMEWARDS	LEAVES HONGKONG	DUE LONDON
S.S. "CANTON"	3rd Sept. (6 a.m.)	3rd October
S.S. "CANTHAGE"	23rd September	27th October
S.S. "CORFU"	27th October	27th November
S.S. "CANTON"	23rd November	24th December
S.S. "CANTHAGE"	9th December	6th January
S.S. "CORFU"	22nd December	22nd January
	19th January	19th February

† Omis Bombay.
* Disembarks passengers at Southampton on 13rd December.
Accepting cargo for Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Port Said & London.

FREIGHT SERVICE

OUTWARDS	FROM
S.S. "CANTON"	London & Continent
S.S. "SHILLONG"	—
HOMEWARDS	FOR
S.S. "KITHUR"	London & Continent
S.S. "CANTHAGE"	—

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa, Marseilles, London, Hamburg, Antwerp & Rotterdam. With liberty to call at Bombay if indentment offers.

TANKS AVAILABLE FOR CARRIAGE OF OIL IN BULK. SPACE FOR REFRIGERATED CARGO. LIMITED PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION.

BRITISH INDIA S.N. CO., LTD.

S.S. "BANQUOLA"	due 10th Sept. from Japan, sails 12th Sept. for Straits, Rangoon & Calcutta.
S.S. "BIRDEHANA"	due 14th Sept. from Calcutta, Rangoon via Straits, for Japan, sails 18th Sept.

* These ships have Refrigerated Cargo space.

P. & O./B.I. JOINT SERVICE

S.S. "HALIGONIAN QUEEN"	due 7th Sept. from Persian Gulf, Karachi, Bombay, Colombo & Straits.
S.S. "ATLANTIC SEA"	due 12th Sept. from Persian Gulf, Karachi, Bombay, Colombo & Straits.
S.S. "REHYDER"	sails 14th Sept. for Japan, sails 1st Sept. for Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
S.S. "HALIGONIAN QUEEN"	loads 10th Sept. for Straits, Madras, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

S.S. "NELLORE" due 6th Oct. from New Zealand and Australia.

All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route, and the routes and sailings are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

For full particulars apply to:
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
Telephone Nos. 27721-4

Peninsular & Oriental

STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY

R.M.S. "CANTON"

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS

SAILS: Sunday the 3rd September at 6 A.M. for the United Kingdom via Straits, Colombo, Bombay, Aden and Port Said.

BAGGAGE: ALL passengers baggage must be sent to the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf Co's Godown at No. 2 GATE, CANTON ROAD ENTRANCE BY 5 P.M. on Friday, the 1st September.

SPECIAL NOTE: With the exception of hand packages carried by passengers themselves, ALL BAGGAGE must pass through the Wharf Co's Godown for loading on board by ship's slings only.

EMBARKATION: Will take place on Saturday evening. Actual time to be notified later.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.

AGENTS.
(Tel. 27721-4)

BRITISH INDIA

STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

S.S. "HALIGONIAN QUEEN"

LOADING 10th SEPTEMBER

FOR	
STRAITS	MADRAS
PONDICHERRY	COLOMBO
BOMBAY	KARACHI

and
PERSIAN GULF PORTS

For sailings and full particulars apply to

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.

P. & O. Building Tel. 27721/4

Now is the time to plan your Summer Holidays

WHAT BETTER THAN A ROUND TRIP to JAPAN

AT REDUCED FARE

with no extra charge for living aboard the ship in JAPAN

ROUND TRIP FARE:

HK\$500 to HK\$600

For Particulars Apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT

Pepper Street Tel. 2011

M.V. "LA MARSEILLAISE"

will sail for

MARSEILLES

via

MANILA, SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO,

DJIBOUTI & PORT SAID

on

WEDNESDAY, the 30th AUGUST, at 6 A.M.

Passengers are requested to board the vessel with their Cabin baggage on the 29th August between 4 p.m. and 7 p.m.

Baggage Room and Hold Baggage will be registered in Kowloon Godown No 50 (No 2 gate, Canton Road Entrance) on the 28th August between 9 a.m. and Noon.

For particulars, please apply to:—

Cie des MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

Queen's Buildings, Tel. 28661 (three lines)

"WEEKLY CHINA MAIL"

CONTAINING ALL THE LOCAL NEWS OF THE WEEK FROM THE "CHINA MAIL" & "SUNDAY HERALD"

Price 50 Cents

ON SALE EVERY THURSDAY.

R. I. L.

ROYAL INTEROCEAN LINES

SINGAPORE, JAVA PORTS and MACASSAR	ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"TASMAN"	4th Sept.	8th Sept.
"VAN HEUTEGE"	In Port	10th Sept.
"TJITJALENGKA"	10th Sept.	24th Sept.

* only to Singapore, Penang & Gel. Dail.

MANILA, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA & SOUTH AMERICA	ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"BOISSEvain"	10th Sept.	20th Sept.
"STRAAT MALAKKA"	14th Sept.	9th Oct.
"STRAAT SOENDA"	17th Sept.	

* not calling South America

JAPAN	ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"BOISSEvain"	9th Sept.	18th Sept.
"STRAAT MALAKKA"	13th Sept.	22nd Sept.
"STRAAT SOENDA"	8th Oct.	

Agents: HOLLAND—EAST ASIA LINE

EUROPE via MANILA and MALAYA	ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"MEERKERK"	7th Sept.	8th Sept.
"MEERKERK"	early Oct.	early Oct.
"RYNKERK"		early Nov.

Through B/L issued to
Mediterranean and Northern
European ports.

JAPAN	ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"MEERKERK"	7th Sept.	11th Sept.
"MEERKERK"	early Oct.	early Oct.
"RYNKERK"		early Oct.

KING'S BUILDING, 111, ROBINSON ROAD, SINGAPORE.
AGENTS: HOLLAND—EAST ASIA LINE

ISTHMIAN LINE

(Isthmian Steamship Company New York)

DIRECT MONTHLY SAILINGS TO NEW YORK
via LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA

"STEEL RECORDER"	4th Sept.
"STEEL DIRECTOR"	17th Sept.

SAILINGS TO SAIGON, BANGKOK &
DJAKARTA (BATAVIA)

"STEEL ADMIRAL"	26th Aug.
"STEEL AGE"	22nd Sept.
"STEEL SEAFARER"	21st Oct.

ARRIVALS FROM U.S.A.

"STEEL ADMIRAL"	Sails N.Y. Sails S.F. Due H.K.
"STEEL AGE"	Sailed Sailed In Port
"STEEL SEAFARER"	Sailed 31st Aug. 21st Sept.
"STEEL SEAFARER"	12th Sept. 29th Sept. 20th Oct.

GILMAN & CO., LTD.

Tel: 31146

Chinese Freight Agents: HIN FAT & CO., LTD.
Tels: 28823, 25553 & 23483.

ISTHMIAN LINE

(Isthmian Steamship Company, New York)

S.S. "STEEL RECORDER"

LOADING 3rd SEPTEMBER

SAILING 4th SEPTEMBER

FOR

LOS ANGELES & NEW YORK

via PANAMA CANAL

GILMAN & CO., LTD.

Tel: 31146

Chinese Freight Agents: HIN FAT & CO., LTD.
Tels: 28823, 25553 & 23483.

SWEDISH EAST ASIA Co. Ltd.

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE

m.v. "ANDAMAN"	27th Aug.
m.v. "TONGHAI"	Early Oct.

SAILINGS TO EUROPE

m.v. "BENGAL"	End Sept.
m.v. "TONGHAI"	End Oct.

FOR

ADEN, PORT SAID, GENOA, MARSEILLES, CASABLANCA,
ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, BREMEN, HAMBURG,
COPENHAGEN, OSLO & GOTHENBURG

Deep tanks available for bulk

GILMAN & CO., LTD.

HONG KONG WATERFRONT

BY OUR HARBOUR REPORTER

Post war Japanese shipping

Since the Liberation, not more than two or three Japanese-registered ships—tankers carrying Persian Gulf fuel under SCAP operation—have visited Victoria Harbour.

But recent developments in post-war Japanese maritime activity promise more regular calls by the "Rising Sun" vessels, which are now being "released" for international trade by SCAP.

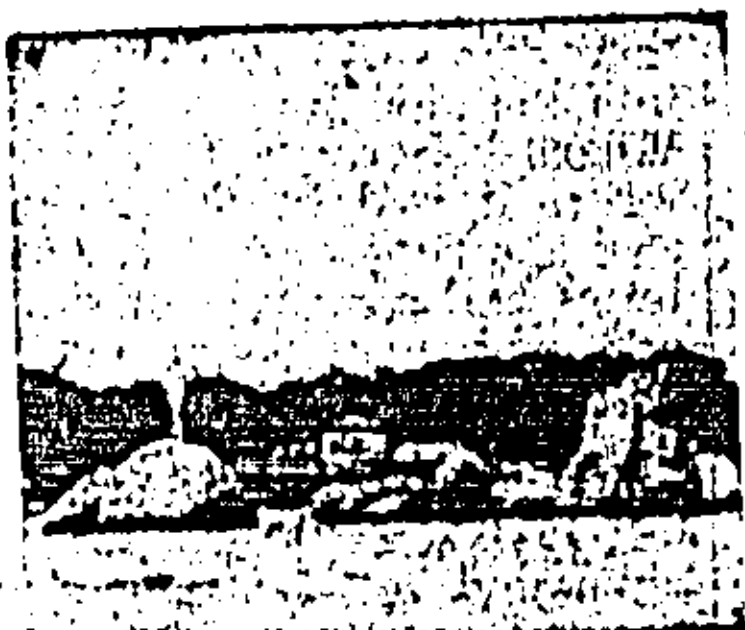
Some of Japan's largest shipping lines have been re-organised and re-named, preparatory to re-summing business with the Far Eastern ports and the North and South American.

Permission to re-open traffic to the United States ports was granted by SCAP recently. Japanese ships to ply on this Japan-America run will be subject to all rules and regulations governing shipping of all nations.

During the initial stages, those carrying bulk cargoes will be given priority.

Japanese shipping organisations which have undergone changes are the "N.Y.K." Nippon Yusen Kaisha, largest of pre-war firms—now known as the Nihon Kisen Kaisha, operating 30 vessels (130,000 gross tonnage); the "OSK" (Osaka Shosen Kaisha), now the Kokusai Kisen Kaisha, operating 36 ships (80,000 gross tonnage); the Mitsui Line, now Fuki-Kisen Kaisha, operating 18 ships (36,000 gross tonnage); and the Yamashita Company, now Taiheyo Kisen Kaisha, operating 14 ships (39,000 gross tonnage).

How's your harbour I.Q.?



Do you know where this picture was taken? The place is a most prominent landmark of Victoria Harbour—the object in the picture is the origin of the name; Turn the page round and see whether you're right.

(Solutions inside)

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES From UNITED KINGDOM PORTS AND STRAITS

Consignees Per Ship

m.s. "CANTON"

arrived August 23, 1950.

are hereby notified that their cargo will be discharged into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., where it will lie at consignees' risk and expense and subject to terms and conditions of storage of the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd. The cargo is expected to be ready for delivery from the Godown on and after August 29, 1950.

Cargo is considered as being accepted in good order and condition by consignees unless broken, damaged and damaged packages are left in the Godown for subsequent examination by Messrs. Chubb & Douglas in the presence of consignees, at 10 a.m. on September 1, 1950.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulation, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when dutiable goods are examined.

All damaged cargo claims against the steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before September 21, 1950, or they will not be recognised.

No fire insurance will be effected.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have been taken delivery of or ship's side or alternatively ex the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co.'s premises unless a joint survey has previously been effected.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,

P. & O. S. N. Co.

Hong Kong, August 23, 1950.



These boys who form the current complement of the Hong Kong Sea Training School are now being prepared for a future which will promise them better living, opportunities for making good and a foundation for good citizenship. Mostly destitute orphans collected from Hong Kong streets, these boys have been given the "break" by the Stanley Boys' Camp Committee. ("China Mail" Photo).

Sea training school for destitute boys

Given the opportunity to make good, and guidance for future good citizenship, even a destitute street waif— orphan or delinquent—can prove his mettle.

This is the essence of the spirit which prompted a group of local residents to form the first school of its kind in the Colony—the Hong Kong Sea Training School at Stanley for destitute boys.

Located in the Stanley Boys' Camp, the School has already produced more than 30 seamen who have been absorbed into the floating staff of several local organisations since its opening more than three years ago.

Rudiments of nautical work, general educational coaching and instructions in gardening, fishing and carpentry form the main curriculum of the HKSTS, run by a capable staff of qualified instructors.

The School, which is part and parcel of the Stanley Boys' Camp, affiliated to the Boys and Girls Association, is today the highlight of Camp activities.

The HKSTS students were recently provided with uniforms. In their blue drill shorts, jackets and peak-caps and black boots with blue socks, the boys present an orderly disciplined group—and pride of the Camp.

It has been said about the School, which is the main offshoot of the Stanley Boys' Camp, originally known as the Probation Camp for destitute and delinquent boys, that it is the "reformatory" of the Colony.

Late in 1949, the School became an independent body in the Camp supervised by its own Committee. Funds came from the Boys and Girls Association, Government and public sources—as they still are.

Maintaining the Camp and School with a tight budget dependent mainly on public donations is the biggest problem which has been detrimental to progress and expansion. Nevertheless, the Camp is still carrying on with the gratifying thought that practically all its graduates have made good in one way or another—the incentive which stimulates the authorities to further efforts to keep going.

Happy lot

The boys are a happy lot where they are today—accommodated in spacious dormitories and given recreation facilities on a site perched on an escarpment overlooking "placid Stanley Bay."

The School itself is a Nissen-hut hall, equipped with some nautical apparatus, presented by local firms. Forty-one boys were selected from among the 140 Camp residents for the sea training. A number of the older boys have already completed their course and are now awaiting employment outside.

Attending to the nautical side of the training is a boatman who gives coaching in the vernacular. Elementary English is being taught.

At the head of the Camp staff is Mr. Boyen Y. F. Li, headmaster, who is assisted by a matron.

(Mrs. Li), a carpentry instructor, a gardening instructor and a boatman (Sea Training Instructor). Life in Camp is maintained by a democratic system of representation—the boys are divided into groups, each represented by a prefect, and all groups under a captain.

Cooking, washing and other domestic work are undertaken by the residents themselves. Fresh supplies from the Camp vegetable gardens help to feed the boys. Fishing, normally a recreation with the residents, also augments supplies.

The boys call one another by their respective numbers.

Council of 12.

A Council of 12, selected from among the groups, forms the Court that tries Camp "delinquents"—those found guilty of breaking rules will be accordingly punished by Headmaster Li.

A sense of fraternity and responsibility is instilled into the older boys, who have to look after the younger boys in their respective group.

Talent has been discovered among the boys in the HKSTS. No. 99—a 13-year-old former destitute—urchin—is regarded as the best tailor in Camp. Together with nine other boys, this lanky lad has cut and sewed several scores of black shorts for the Camp residents.

One of the youngest members of the School, No. 99 joined the Camp two years ago. His ambition is to study English and graduate from the Hong Kong University.

A treasured possession of the School is an oil-painting of a group of HKSTS boys in a lifeboat rescuing occupants of a sinking junk.

Only an elephant but...

Many a celebrity has made his debut in Hong Kong before gaining recognition—and the world's smallest elephant, now a sensation in America, is no exception.

It was at Kowloon Wharf one bright afternoon late in June that little Jumbo, as she was nicknamed then, stepped ashore from the Burmese LST Chit Lam after a boisterous trip from Bangkok.

Standing only 32 inches high, on her stocky legs, the midget elephant was the prize catch among a wild animal cargo of some 800 species collected from the Thai jungles for American zoos and film studios.

Today, after safe delivery by the APL freighter President Taft at San Francisco late last month, the animal wonder has become a celebrity overnight.

According to latest news from "Bring 'Em Back Alive" Npei Rosefield, famed American wild animal hunter, the midget has already appeared several times on television, heard over radio, seen in newspapers on the screen and widely publicised by American newspapers.

On one occasion, the celebrity was taken in a yellow taxi cab to different children's hospitals to entertain the sick and crippled.

Pacific Far East Line, Inc.

Fast Regular Trans-Pacific Service

From	To	Arrive	Dep.	From
"J. L. LUCKENBACH"	Hawaii	Aug. 28	Aug. 29	San Francisco & Los Angeles via Kona & Yokohama.
"HURPINE"	San Francisco	Sept. 2	Sept. 3	San Francisco & Los Angeles.
"FLYING SCOTCH"	San Francisco	Sept. 11	Sept. 12	San Francisco & Los Angeles.
"ANDREA LUCKENBACH"	San Francisco	Sept. 19	Sept. 20	San Francisco & Los Angeles via Kona.
"TRADE WIND"	San Francisco	Sept. 28	Sept. 29	San Francisco via Guam.

For full particulars see "Maritime" Agents. UNITED STATES LINES CO. Queen's Bldg. Tel. 85180

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES

The Global Fleet

St. George's Bldg.

Tel. 28172/8.

TO HONOLULU & SAN FRANCISCO via JAPAN

Pres. Cleveland	Arr. Aug. 30	Sails Aug. 31
Gen. Gordon	Arr. Sept. 6	Sails Sept. 7
Pres. Wilson	Arr. Sept. 19	Sails Sept. 20

TO SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES via JAPAN

Pres. Taft	Arr. Sept. 12	Sails Sept. 13
Pres. Madison	Arr. Sept. 17	Sails Sept. 18

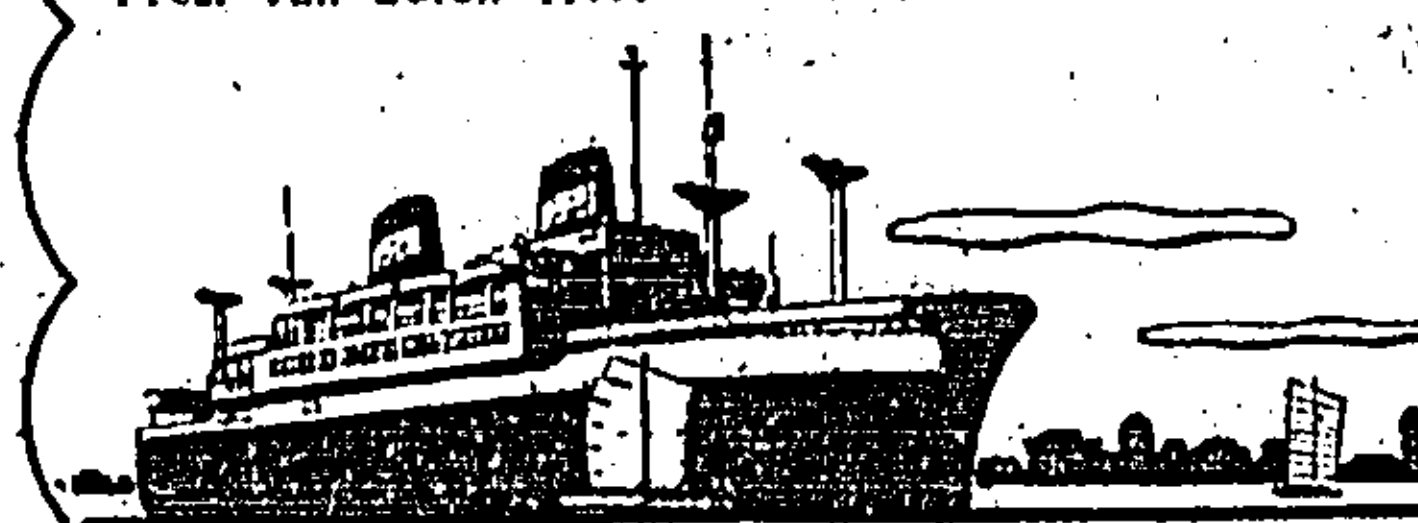
TO NEW YORK, BALTIMORE & BOSTON via PACIFIC COAST & PANAMA

Mount Davis	In Port	Sails Aug. 27
Pres. Fillmore	Arr. Oct. 0	Sails Oct. 7

ROUND THE WORLD

VIA MANILA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, COCHIN, BOMBAY, KARACHI, SUEZ, PORT SAID, ALEXANDRIA, NAPLES, MARSEILLES, GENOA, NEW YORK and BOSTON

Pres. Harding	Arr. Aug. 30	Sails Aug. 31
Pres. Van Buren	Arr. Sept. 16	Sails Sept. 17



BEN LINE

ARRIVALS

SHIP	FROM	DUE
"BENALBANACH"	U.K. via Singapore	In Port
"BENATTOW"		29th Aug.
"BENCRUACHAN"		12th Sept.
"BENVANNOCH"	on or abt	22nd Sept.
"BENCLEUCH"		25th Sept.
"BENVORLICH"		16th Oct.
"BENMACDHUI"		29th Oct.

SAILINGS

SHIP	TO	DATE
"BENCRUACHAN"	London, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Hamburg	16th Sept.
"BENVORLICH"		19th Oct.
"BENVANNOCH"	Genoa, Le Havre, Liverpool & Hull	25th Sept.
"BENATTOW"	Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin, Antwerp & Rotterdam	30th Aug.
"BENCLEUCH"		28th Sept.

† Accepts Cargo for Japan, Via Singapore, Colombo, Port Sudan, Aden, & Suez Canal.

For Further Particulars, Apply To—

W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.
Agents

York Building.

Telephone: 34165.

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

M.S. "MORELIA"

LOADING 2nd TO 4th SEPTEMBER

M.S. "INDIA"

LOADING 10th SEPTEMBER

for

ADEN, PORT SAID, GENOA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG, OSLO, GOTHENBURG & COPENHAGEN

* M.S. "INDIA" WILL ALSO CALL AT ALEXANDRIA.

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

Queen's Bldg., 2nd floor.

Tel. 34111 & 34112

BEN LINE STEAMERS LTD.

FAST SERVICE TO UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT

BY

S.S. "BENATTOW"

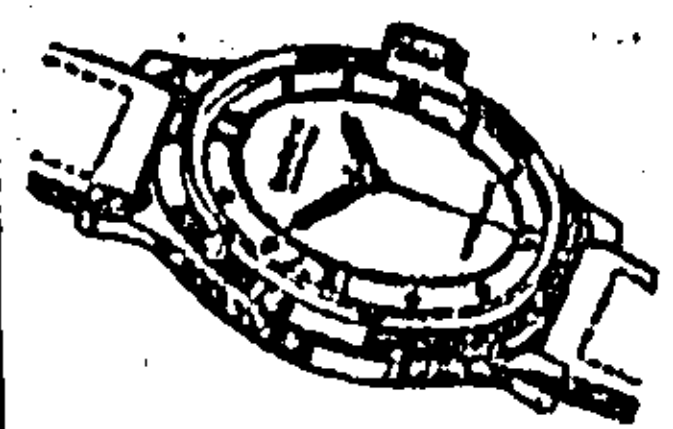
LOADING HONGKONG ABOUT 30th AUGUST

FOR: KOBE, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, ADEN, PORT SAID, PORT SAID, LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW, DUBLIN, ANTWERP, AND ROTTERDAM

W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.

York Bldg.

Tel. 34165 & 34170.



BUREN
THE PERFECT
SWISS WATCH

CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, MONDAY, AUGUST 28, 1950.



Home Soccer:

ONLY SEVEN OF 92 CLUBS HAVE GAINED MAXIMUM POINTS

London, August 26.

None of the First Division League sides in English football possess a 100 per cent record after three games this season.

Aston Villa and Wolverhampton lost today when Charlton managed a draw after each had won their first two games.

The Second Division teams did better as the first 100 per centers avoided defeat—Birmingham, Bolton, Blackpool, and Coventry, City, and Manchester City winning.

Of the five Third Division teams who won their first two games, Notts Forest, New Brighton, Lincoln and Rochdale won while Bournemouth lost.

At the other end of the scale all four previously poorest First Division teams, Bolton, Stoke, Derby and Fulham, picked up their first points as did Exeter and Newport in Division III, but none other sides in the Second and Third Divisions still have to open their account.

With the English soccer season only eight days old, there is already evidence that the League struggle will prove even more intense than usual for only seven of the 92 clubs have gained maximum points from their first three games.

Exciting match

The new leaders in the First Division are Middlesbrough, who again showed class with a three-goal win over Chelsea. All the scoring occurred in the first half and Middlesbrough easily held Chelsea when the Londoners tried to save the game afterwards.

Aston Villa found Derby in splendid form in an exciting match which saw the lead change hands three times in the first half before Derby changed over, leading by three goals to two.

Derby increased their lead afterwards and well deserved the victory. Two of their goals were scored by Lee, their new centre-forward from Leicester.

Wolverhampton found Fulham's newly-constituted side settling down to lively football and there

was no disputing the fact that the Londoners earned the points. Their goalkeeper saved a second-half penalty when Wolverhampton threatened to save the game.

The only away victory in League I was gained by Burnley, with a solitary goal against Sheffield Wednesday.

A grand game

Portsmouth, the Champions for the past two seasons, cannot like Yorkshire, where, for the second time in a week, they were beaten, and there is only one team below them in the present League table.

Arsenal and Tottenham Hotspur, for their all-London clash drew the day's biggest crowd—over 43,000—and a draw was a fitting result to a grand game which saw the teams opposed for the first time for 15 years.

Bolton got off the mark in good fashion, a goal from Left House, who scored a hat-trick last week, proving sufficient.

Liverpool struck the form which put them in the running at one time last season for the League and Cup double. Billy Liddell scored twice within a minute and Stubbs, playing his first game of the season, netted the other two.

Throughout the country crowds were large and, apart from two evening games, there was an aggregate attendance of 1,158,000.

Latest results

Third Division (North)
Aberington 3 Southport 1
Rochdale 1 Stockport 1
Irish League
Ards 1 Coleraine 3
Derry City 2 Bangor 4
Glennyov 5 Cliftonville 1
Inverness 1 Glenelg 1
Ballymena U. 0 Distillery 2

—Reuter.

Home soccer league standings

The following are the Home Soccer League Standings, which are based on results received to date:

FIRST DIVISION										
	P	W	D	L	F	A	Pts			
Middlesbrough	3	2	1	0	8	2	5			
Charlton	3	2	1	0	7	2	5			
Liverpool	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Burnley	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Arsenal	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Wed	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Sheff Utd	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Derby	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Wolverhampton	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Blackburn	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			
Nottingham	3	2	0	1	5	4	4			